McKean County Miner.

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THE McKEAN MINER.

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E. H. BARD, Proprietor.

County Superintendent.

I will be found at my office in the Court House on the last Saturday of each month. Monday at the Rockwell House. M. D. CAMPBELL. 43-1y

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

McKEAN Lodge, No. 300, F. & A. M., meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

G. M. SMITH, W. M.

E. H. BARD, Sec'y.

A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge, No. 183, meets every Tuesday evening in the Masonic Hall.

H. L. BURLINGAME, M. W.

WARREN GIFFORD, Recorder.

I. O. O. F.

Meets every Monday evening at Masonic Hall.

H. W. RUBIN, N. G.

W. H. WETHERALL, Sec'y.

Churches.

METHODIST.—E. P. HUMPHREYS, pastor. Sabbath School every Sabbath at 9 a. m., and Preaching at 11 a. m., and 7 p. m. Class Meeting directly after morning services. Prayer Meetings on Thursday evenings at 7 p. m.

BAPTIST.———, pastor. Preaching at half-past 10 a. m. and half-past 8 p. m. Sabbath school directly after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 p. m.

EPISCOPAL.—The Rev. J. Heber McCandless, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. Sunday school at 9 a. m.

ST. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH.—Rev. J. F. SMITH, pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. Service at 11:30 a. m. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

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Burgess—J. C. Backus.
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Assessor—R. L. Knapp.

Official Directory.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY

President Judge—H. W. Williams, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Additional Judge—S. F. Wilson, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Associate Judges—Henry Hamlin, Smethport; P. M. Fuller, Bradford.
District Attorney—E. McSweeney, Smethport.
Sheriff—A. I. Wilcox, Bradford.
Prothonotary—John H. Brawley, Bradford.
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Commissioners—A. F. Palmer, Dallas City, P. S. Johnson, Bradford; A. Kelly, Smethport.
County Clerk—John H. Shoemaker, Smethport.
Jury Comm'rs—N. C. Gallup, O. P. Dunn.
Auditors—A. P. Brewer, P. K. Washburn, A. A. Stetson.
County Surveyor—D. H. Low, Bradford, Pa.
Register Probate of Court—Fourth Monday in February, May and September, and Third Monday of December.

Regular Meetings of Co. Commissioners.

The County Commissioners will hold regular sessions at the Commissioners' Office on the first Mondays of each month, for the transaction of any business that may be brought before them. A special meeting will be held on the first Thursday after each court week for the settlement of county costs in Commonwealth cases.

J. R. SHOEMAKER, Clerk.

BLANK PRINTING.

THE MINER JOB ROOMS are abundantly supplied with facilities for doing fine Blank Printing. We make a specialty of this class of printing, and challenge comparison of our work and prices with that of any first class Blank Printing House. We keep in stock all the usual forms of LEGAL and CONVEYANCING, JUSTICES', CONSTABLES' and TOWNSHIP BLANKS, and print on short notice any style and form desired. Samples, estimates and prices furnished on application. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

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SELECT LIST OF LOCAL NEWSPAPERS

An advertiser who spends upwards of $5,000 a year, and who invested less than $300 in this List, writes: "Your select Local List paid me better last year THAN ALL THE OTHER ADVERTISING I DID!"

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IT IS NOT A CHEAP LIST.

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The catalogue states strictly what the papers are. When the name of a paper is printed in FULL FACE TYPE it is in every instance the BEST. When printed in CAPITALS it is the ONLY paper in the place. The list gives the population of every town and the circulation of every paper.

The rates charged for advertising are barely one-fifth the publishers' schedules. The price for a single insertion ranges from $5 in $30, the rule for one month and one insertion in the entire list is $121. The regular rates of the papers for the same space that time are $2,900. The list includes 850 newspapers of which 137 are issued Daily and 705 Weekly. They are located in 794 different cities and towns, of which 26 are State Capitals, 353 places of over 5,000 populations, and 47 Counties. For copy of List and other information address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., New York.

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FRED NOURSE, Proprietor.

Good Horses and Stylish Rigs at Reasonable Rates.

43tf.

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HAMLIN & SON,

LAW AND LAND OFFICE

SMETHPORT, PA.

As Counsel. Try causes in the Courts. Investigate Land Titles and Oil Leases. Collect claims. Do Conveyancing by Deeds, Contracts and Leases with care and dispatch.

Notary Public in their Office.

General Agency of the Keating Lands.

D. STERRETT. ROBT. H. ROSS.

STERRETT & ROSS,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS.

(Office over Hamlin & Gifford's)

SMETHPORT, PA.

BACKUS & GORTON,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

SMETHPORT, Pa.

Office:—Sartwell Block, Main Street.

C. BACKUS. [illegible]

E. L. KIERNAN,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

OFFICE: Giesecke's Building, nearly opposite the Court House.

SMETHPORT, PA.

All legal business attended to promptly.

THOS. A. MORRISON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

OFFICE: Giesecke's Building, nearly opposite the Court House.

SMETHPORT, PA.

Collections and other legal business carefully and promptly attended to.

W. J. MILLIKEN

ATTORNEY and COUNSELLOR at LAW

Office 13 Main St., Up Stairs.

BRADFORD, PA.

P. FORD,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office: Miner Block, Church Street.

Smethport, Pa.

S. W. SMITH.

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

(NOTARY PUBLIC)

Port Allegany, Pa.

C. A. BERRY.

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC, U. S. COMMISSIONER.

Office: Exchange Building, Main St.

Bradford, McKean Co. Pa.

R. B. STONE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office with Maj. Brooks, over Pemberton's

Bradford, Pa.

MULLIN & McCLURE,

ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW,

Main St. Bradford, Pa.

H. J. MUSE,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

BROWNSPORT, PA.

E. R. MAYO,

Attorney at Law and Notary Public,

Eldred, McKean Co. Pa.

J. C. STURGEON. GEO. A. STURGEON.

J. C. STURGEON & BRO.,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

ROOM No. 10. **OIL EXCHANGE,**

BRADFORD, PA.

P. H. COTTER,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

PORT ALLEGANY, PA.

Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care

Business Cards.

S. A. BISHOP,

ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT,

Smethport Pa.

L. B. HOBBS,

TEACHER OF

PIANO, ORGAN, BAND AND VOCAL MUSIC,

43-1y SMETHPORT, PA.

BINGHAM ESTATE.

ROBT. H. ROSS

is authorized to receive moneys for sale and applications to buy lands. He will give information generally, in any business of this Estate, in McKean County. His office is over,

HASKILL & GIFFORD'S STORE.

ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees

WELLSBORO, Dec. 26, 1878.

W. S. BROWNELL & SONS,

Dealers in

Dry Goods & Groceries,

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Etc.

SMETHPORT, PENN'A

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER.

J. L. CHICHESTER,

[illegible] Washington Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

BEATTY'S ORGANS [illegible] Washington, N. J. [illegible]

SELECT POETRY.

"WATCHMAN, WHAT OF THE NIGHT?"

"Watchman! tell us of the night,
What its signs of promise are;"
Can you see a little light?
Are "the golden gates ajar?"

Long I've watched and hoped and pray'd,
Still the hour has tarry'd,
Man is fawning still his chains,
And my heart grows sick with pain.

Long, so long, hath been the night—
Long hath night's pall o'ershrouded the right—
Hearts with anguish torn,
Inhumanity we mourn.

Is it thus to be always?
Is rum, and ruin, to hold away?
The curse on the head refrain?
Remorse of daily miseries slain?

Watchman! pray, unto me tell,
Is this dark hour songs of hell
Always to work direful woe?
Does God and angels mourn it so?

Tempter fiercer on his prey?
May his poor weak brother stay?
Will he feel the awful wrong,
Of doing his neighbor harm?

Is the day soon to dawn,
The scales to fall from off his eyes,
Enlightened vision to behold
All the misery unfold.

When the liquor traffic brings
And slayer also feels the sting
Will he learn to work and pray;
That this sin to washed away?

Watchman look, O! can't you see
Some hope for poor humanity,
Tell me if come's the day
Licensed wrong shall pass away?

When this evil all suppressed
There shall come a blessed rest;
Happy homes and hearts of love,
Like unto Heaven above.

F. A. B.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bull Fights in Madrid.

GEORGE F. BATCHOP.

In every crowd and cafe you see the tall, shapely, dark-faced, silent men with a cool, professionally murderous look like that of our border desperadoes, whose enormously wide black hats, short jackets, tight trousers, and pig-tails of braided hair proclaim them *toreros*, or members of the noble ring. In troupe, with muscles of steel, and finely formed, they are very illiterate; we saw one of them gently taking his brandy at the Cafe de Paris after a hard combat, while his friend read from an evening paper a report of the games in which he had just fought, the man's own education not enabling him to decipher print. But the higher class of these professionals are idols, the demi-gods, of the people. Songs are [illegible] about them, their deeds are painted on fans, and popular chromos illustrate their loves and woes; people crowd around to see them in hotels or on the street as if they were heroes or star tragedians. Pet dogs are named for the well-known ones; and it was even rumored that one of the chief swordsmen had secured the affections of a patrician lady, and would have married her but for the interference of friends. Certain it is that a whole class of young bucks of the lower order—"Arrys" is the British term—get themselves up in the closest allowable imitation of bull-fighters, down to the tuft of hair left growing in front of the ear. The *espadas* or *matadores* (killers), who give the mortal blow, hire each one his *cuadrilla*—a corps of assistants, including *picadores*, *banderilleros* and *puntilleros*. For every fight they receive five hundred dollars, and sometimes they lay up large fortunes. To see the sport well from a seat in the shade, one must pay well. Tickets are monopolized by speculators, who, no less than the fighters, have their "pull" and gave buyers as the bull does horses. We gave two dollars apiece for places. Nevertheless, the route to the Place of Bulls is lined for a mile with omnibuses, tartanas, broken-down diligences, and wheezy cabs to convey the hordes of intending spectators to the fight on Sunday afternoon; a long stream of pedestrians flies in the same direction, and the shopy turn-outs of the rich add dignity to what soon becomes a wild rush for the sense of action. The mule bell ring like a rain of metal, [illegible] wildly; and as [illegible] windows fill when [illegible] ing fountains of the Prado, and up the road to the grim Colosseum of stone and brick, set in the midst of scorched and arid fields, with the faint peaks of the snow-capped Guadarrama range seen, miles to the north, through dazzling white sunshine.

Within is the widening, sunk in a circular pit of serrated granite crowned by galleries. The whole great round, peopled by at least ten thousand beings, is divided exactly by the sun and the shadow—*sol y sombre*; and from our cool place we look at the vivid orange sand of the half-arena in sunlight, and the tiers of seats beyond, where swarms of paper fans, red, yellow, purple, and green, are wielded to shelter the eyes of those in the cheaper section, or bring air to their lungs. No connected account of a bull tourney can impart the vividness, the rapid changes, the suspense, the skill, the picturesqueness, or horror, of the actual thing. All occurs in rapid glimpses, in fierce, dramatic, brilliant, and [illegible] pictures, which flit and vanish in the shadow or the instant. The music is sounding, the fans are fluttering; amateurs strolling between the wooden barriers of the ring and the lowest seats; hatless men are hawking fruit and aguardiente—when trumpets announce the grand entry. It is a superb sight; the picadores with gorgeous jackets and long lances on horseback, in wide Mexican hats, their orange-cased legs in buckskin trousers; the smoothness and others on foot, stiffening with gold and silver embroidery [illegible] and blue, bright green, saffron, [illegible] and cherry-colored [illegible] of [illegible] and chasers. As the band to the mounted squad in command black, who carries the key of the bull-gate. Everything is punctual, orderly, ceremonious.

Then the white handkerchief, as signal, from the president of the games in his box, the trumpet-blare again, and the bull rushing from his lair! There is a swift moment when, if he be of good breed, he launches himself impetuous as the ball from a thousand-ton gun directly upon his foe, and sweeping around half the circle, puts them to flight over the barrier or into mid-ring, leaving a horse or two fallen in his track. I have seen one fierce Andalusian bull within ten minutes kill five horses while maintaining two circuits of the ring. The first onset against a horse is horrible to witness. The poor steed, usually lean and decrepit, is halted until the bull will charge him; while the [illegible] in the saddle aims a well-placed blow with his lance, driving the point into the bull's back only about an inch, as an irritant. You hear the horns tear through the horse's hide; you *feel* them go through yourself. Ribs crack; there's a clatter of hoofs, harness, and the rider's armor; a sudden heave and fall—disaster!—and then the bull rushes away in pursuit of a yellow mantle flourished to distract him.

The banderilleros come, each holding two ornamental barbed sticks, which he waves to attract the bull. At the brute's advance he runs to meet him, and in the moment when the huge head is lowered for a lunge he plants them deftly, one on each shoulder, and springs aside. Perhaps, getting too near, he fails, and turns to fly; the bull after, within a few inches. He flees to the barrier, drops his cloak on the sand, and vaults over. the bull springs over too into the narrow alley, whereupon the fighter, being close pressed, leaps back into the ring light as a bird, but saved by a mere hair's breadth from a tossing or a trampling to death. The crowd follow every turn with shouts and loud comments and cheers. "Go, bad little bull!" "Let the picadores charge!" "More horses! more horses!" "Well done, Gallito!" "Time for the death! the matadores!" and so on. Humor mingles with some of their remarks, and there is generally one volunteer buffoon who, choosing a lull in the combat, shrieks out rude witticisms that bring the laugh from a thousand throats.

But if the management of the sport be not to their liking, then the multitude grow instantly stormy; rising on the benches they bellow their opinions to the president, whistle, scream, stamp, gesticulate. It is the tumult of a mob, appeasable only by speedier bloodshed. And what bloodshed they get! A horse or two, say, has intestines and crumpled on the earth, the others, with bandaged eyes, and sides hideously pierced and red splashed, are spurred and whacked with long sticks to make them go. But it is time for the banderilleros, and after that for the swordsman. He advances glittering, with a proud, athletic step, the traditional chignon fastened to his pigtail, and holding out his bare sword, makes a brief speech to the president: "I go to slay this bull for the honor of the people of Madrid and the most excellent president of this tourney." Then throwing his hat away, he proceeds to his task of skill and danger. It is here that the chief gallantry of the sport begins. With a scarlet cloak in one hand he attracts the bull, waves him from one side to the other, baffles him, re-invites him—in fine, plays with and controls him as if he were a kitten, though always with an eye alert and often in peril. At last, having got him "in position," he lifts the blade, aims, and with a forward spring plunges it to the hilt at a point near the top of the spine. Perhaps the bull recoils, rears, and dies with that thrust, but more often he is infuriated, and several strokes are required to finish him. Always, however, the blood gushes freely, the sand is stained with it, and the excited crowd, intoxicated by it, roar savagely. Still, the "many-headed" beast is fastidious. If the bull be struck in such a way as to make him spout his life out at the nostrils, becoming a trifle too sanguinary, marks of disapproval are finely bestowed. One bull done for, the music recommences, and mules in showy trappings are driven in. They are harnessed to the carcasses, and the dead hulks of the victims are bravely hauled off at a gallop, furrowing the dirt. The grooms run at topmost speed, snapping their long whips; the dust rises in a cloud, enveloping the strange cavalcade. They disappear through the gate flying, and you awake from a dream of ancient Rome and her barbarous games come true again. But soon the trumpets flourish; another bull comes; the same finished science and sure death ensue, varied by ever-new chances and escapes, until afternoon wanes, the sun becomes shadow, and ten thousand satisfied people—mostly men in fair sombreros, with some women, fewer ladies, and a sprinkling of children and babies—throng homeward.—*Harper's Magazine for April.*

A Diminutive Piece of Flesh.

There was born on Sunday morning the 13th inst., to C. F. Spencer and wife, residing on Sixth street between German and Parade, a son and heir who since his advent into this mundane sphere has received more attention than falls to the lot of average humanity under like conditions, says the Erie *Herald*. After being dressed in some hurriedly prepared garments he weighed, all told, one and three-quarter pounds. He was so tiny that the attendants were almost afraid to touch him for fear that he would vanish from their sight, and he would have been lost in the ordinary infant clothing usually at hand on such occasions. He is perfect in form and feature; his face about the size of a watch and an ordinary finger ring will slip with ease over his hand and arm to the elbow. He is busy, withal, and makes his wants known in a very decided manner. This little midget on the day of its parents, the very apple of their eye, so it were, and is pronounced by all who have seen him to be just "tenderest lot anything." Long may he wave.

COMMANDER DE LONG LOST.

LIEUT. MELVILLE'S EMPHATIC LANGUAGE REGARDING HIS COMMANDER'S FATE

Philadelphia Times of March 18th.

The final and most conclusive link is now furnished in the chain of circumstances which has been growing almost daily during the past six weeks, going to show that the gallant De Long and the greater number of the crew of the ill-fated Jeannette, who went with him hoping to solve the yet unpenetrated mystery of the frozen Polar circle, have shared the tragic fate of Franklin and so many other brave investigating spirits who went before them. "A letter was received yesterday by Mrs. Melville, residing at Sharon Hill, a short distance outside of Philadelphia, from her husband, Lieutenant-Commander George W. Melville, of the U. S. Navy, who went out as chief engineer of the exploring party and was in command of the boat containing the survivors, which landed on the northern coast of Siberia September 29. In this brief letter the hero of the latest and, as all the accounts have shown, the most perilous attempt to explore the unknown Polar seas, speaks of De Long and the others with him as 'perished' and indicates that when Chief Engineer Melville set out upon the search in which he is now engaged in regions of eternal ice and snow it was without hope of finding his comrades alive, but simply to perform the melancholy duty of discovering, if possible, their dead bodies and whatever traces of their hardships and adventures they left behind them."

HOW THE LETTER WAS RECEIVED.

Yesterday morning Maud, a beautiful child, about fifteen years of age, went, as she has thousands of times in over three years, to the postoffice to know if there was a letter. Mrs. Melville was seated at home, sewing listlessly, and the other two little girls were playing with their dolls. Suddenly one of the little ones said: "Why, mamma, something's the matter with Maud; I actually believe there's a letter from papa." Maud's feet did not appear to touch the ground. She broke through the gate like one pursued. With tears of joy streaming down her face and choking with sobs she threw herself at her mother's feet, dropping the letter and crying out: "Oh, mamma, at last! at last! It is from papa; oh, it is from papa!" The mother tore it open, read it at a glance and then re-read it several times over. All the afternoon and up to going to bed last night the children were doing else but reading over papa's letter.

With the intelligence that it contained of the fate of others and the knowledge that just now himself, with the search party, is facing similar dangers, there was little in the letter to give hope of the return of the husband and father. Written on a single sheet of tough, heavy note paper, the letter read as follows:

IRKUTSK, Russian Siberia, Jan. 1, '82.

Dear Hettie: After many trials and many tribulations I arrived here yesterday. We can muster but thirteen people all told out of our original thirty-three persons. I am pretty well and will be home this summer or next winter, according as I may be instructed by the Navy Department. I have telegraphed asking to remain and search for De Long and the others who perished at the mouth of the Lena river. Love to the children. Yours, faithfully,

GEORGE W. MELVILLE.

The taken-for-granted way in which he refers to searching for the perished ones would indicate that he supposed Mrs. Melville must have heard all about it already from other sources. It was said yesterday that one effect of the letter would undoubtedly be to arouse a suspicion of the possibility that the telegrams from both Melville and Danenhower which have passed through the hands of the Russian authorities may have designedly been made to surprise, in absence of positive evidence, any reference to De Long's fate.

MELVILLE'S GUARDED WORDS.

"My husband," said Mrs. Melville yesterday, "is a man who has great regard for the significance and value of words. He is a man who is very careful what he says, but particular above all other things what he writes. He has always disliked people who talked at random. This makes his letter very significant. When he says he was asked to go in search of De Long and the others who perished at the mouth of Lena river he is saying what he knows. I feel sure that my husband will never give up the search until he has found the dead bodies of his friends. He was dearly fond of De Long and beloved in return. He and De Long had been in Arctic perils before in the Tigress expedition. When De Long found that he was the one selected he wrote him, saying: 'Melville, I will lean upon you entirely.' If there was anything Melville could have written to cheer or give hope to Mrs. De Long, knowing she were friends, he would have done so.

WHEN HE WROTE THE LETTER.

"From the letter I learn that it was on the last day of the year in the Russian calendar, which is different from ours, when Melville—that is what I have always called him—arrived in Irkutsk, which is the capital of Siberia and its nearest important town to the Arctic Ocean. That day he sent the telegram to the United States Government asking for orders to go back into the darkness and ice from which he had just emerged. The next day he wrote this letter and the postmark bears the same date, so that it has been just three months and a half coming. Several naval officers in Philadelphia tried with a microscope to make out some of the other numerous postmarks on the envelope, but we could only distinguish New York. These officers said that Melville's expression of 'perished' settled once for all De Long's fate, and was the first information of how terrible it must have been."

JAY GOULD'S PILE.

HE INVITES RUSSELL SAGE, CYRUS W. FIELD AND SOME MORE OF THE BOYS INTO HIS OFFICE AND GIVES THEM TO EXAMINE A LITTLE MATTER OF $53,000,000 OF BONDS.

Reports have been frequently circulated lately that Jay Gould was a large seller of stocks, and some persons in Wall street have not hesitated to say that the sales were made necessary by his urgent need of money. It is understood that some of his friends informed him of the circulation of the damaging rumors on Saturday.

This morning Mr. Gould invited to his office Russell Sage, Cyrus W. Field, Frank Work and one or two others, and asked them to examine the contents of a few packages of stocks for which he had sold on the Stock Exchange. The packages were all labelled with a schedule of the stocks and amounts, and it is said that Mr. Field expressed a willingness to accept Mr. Gould's word as to the amounts.

Mr. Sage exclaimed: "No, no; if I am to examine these, I propose to do so." The packages were opened and examined. They contained $38,000,000 of stocks at their face value. In them were $23,000,000 of Western Union Telegraph and $12,000,000 of Missouri Pacific Railroad stocks.

These certificates were not indorsed by Mr. Gould, and were the original certificates issued to him by the present companies. The rest of the total amount was made up of Manhattan Railway stock of the different classes and of Wabash stocks.

Referring to the matter Mr. Sage said afterwards: "It amazed me exceedingly. I told Mr. Gould on Saturday that persons were circulating ugly stories about him, and then he assured me that there was no foundation for the report that he was selling his Western Union and Missouri Pacific. He told me that he held $20,000,000 of Western Union. I had supposed that he might have about half that amount, and consequently I accepted the assertion with a little grain of salt. He sent for me this morning. I didn't know what he wanted. I went in and there were several persons there and Mr. Gould asked me to look at these stocks. It was perfectly amazing. Why there was $3,000,000 more of Western Union than he had told me about. I was particularly interested in Western Union and Missouri Pacific and there right before me were the original certificates issued to him. There is not another man in the United States except Mr. Vanderbilt who could make such a display of securities."

"It has been reported that there was considerable rivalry among you in getting out of the room," was suggested.

Mr. Sage replied laughingly: "Well, well, that is about it, certainly. The fact is, we were all in a great hurry."

A Swindler's Operations.

Herbert Pennypacker, who formerly lived in Phœnixville, Pa., but who had been absent some time, returned to that place a few days ago making a considerable display of wealth, which, he said he had accumulated in the oil regions. A few days after his arrival he applied at the National Bank and inquired if the concern would cash a $7,580 certified check for him. He was told that he would be accommodated. Several days later the check was presented, certified to as being genuine. It was drawn for $7,800, but Pennypacker said he would only take $8,500, and allowed the balance to remain in the bank in favor of an uncle, of whom he had borrowed $4,000. The check was drawn on a bank in Olean, N. Y., where it was sent by the Phœnixville bank for payment. By this time Pennypacker had disappeared. The check, instead of being honored at Olean, was returned to Phœnixville with the startling intelligence that no such person as the maker lived there, the name being entirely unknown. Last Saturday Pennypacker returned to Phœnixville, and was immediately arrested, and bailed in $7,000. Robert Hughes, his uncle, going his security.

A Good Housewife.

The good housewife, when she is giving her house its spring renovating, should bear in mind that the dear inmates of her house are more precious than many houses, and that their systems need cleansing by purifying the blood, regulating the stomach and bowels to prevent and cure the diseases arising from spring malaria and miasma, and she must know that there is nothing that will do it so perfectly and surely as Hop Bitters, the purest and best of medicines.

Workingmen.

Before you begin your heavy spring work after a winter of relaxation, your system needs cleansing and strengthening to prevent an attack of ague, bilious or typhoid fever, or some other spring sickness that will shut you for a season's work. You will save time, much sickness and suffering if you will use Hop Bitters in your family this month. Don't wait. See another column.

Make a Note of this.

When you want something to attend strictly to business and cure an ache, sore throat, pain in the chest, quinsy, pleurisy, rheumatism, etc., get Parsons' Universal Liniment, the greatest pain destroyer known. It is strengthening and penetrating. As a family liniment it meets the wants of every household. A fair trial is all that is necessary to prove the astounding curative properties of this invaluable remedy. Sample bottles, 25 cents; large size, 50 cents. For sale at A. B. Armstrong's.

As Ice Disappears under a July Sun.

So that hacking cough disappears under the use of Hamilton's Cough Balsam. It soothes and heals the membranes of the lungs, it remedies the night sweats and, tightness across the chest, and is universally declared to be the best balsam extant. Those having uselessly tried many other remedies are quickly relieved by this. Sample bottles, 25 cents; large size, 50 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

Don't Forget.

If you are suffering from any of the numerous diseases of the stomach, bowels or liver, it is your own fault if you remain ill, when you have at hand Parmelee's Blood Purifier a sovereign remedy in all such ailments. Price $1 per bottle; sample bottles, 15 cts. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

A Merciful Man.

Is merciful to his beast; and knows that to prepare his horses for the spring work, Condition Powders put up by E. M. Parmelee are unequalled, being composed of the best and purest materials. They are also given to hogs and sheep with great benefit. Kept by first-class dealers generally. Full pound packages only 25 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WHERE CAN YOU FIND RELIEF

For CLARITY OF

Allcock's Porous Plasters?

Because they have proved themselves the Best External Remedy ever invented. They will cure asthma, colds, coughs, rheumatism, neuralgia, and any local pains.

Applied to the small of the back they are infallible in Back-Ache, Nervous Debility, and all Kidney troubles; to the pit of the stomach they are a sure cure for Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS are painless, fragrant, and quick to cure. Beware of imitations that blister and burn. Get ALLCOCK'S, the only Genuine Porous Plaster. 16-eow-13t.

JEWELRY

of all descriptions.

SILVER-WARE

The Best Made.

POCKET CUTLERY

A Full Assortment.

SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES

TOYS,

And all Goods in my line for which I will DUPLICATE any REGULAR DEALERS Prices.

I Will match the

'ROCKFORD'

against the World for time and money

All kinds of

REPAIRING

a specialty, and all work WARRANTED.

Call and See me.

M. L. Armstrong,

MAIN ST. SMETHPORT, PA

PLUMBING Gas and Steam Fiting.

As the citizens of Smethport are about to introduce water into their streets,

IRLBACKER & DAVIS,

No. 503 Main Street,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

—AND—

IRLBACKER, DAVIS & CO.,

No. 144 Union Street,

OLEAN, N. Y.

Offer their services to do anything desired in the line of Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting, guaranteeing the best possible work and materials at the lowest possible prices.

GIVE US A TRIAL.

R. F. Richmond & Son, Druggists and Pharmacists,

No. 34 Main Street,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Fresh and Reliable Drugs, Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Fine Stationery, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, And a Full Line of Cigars Always On Hand.

Prescriptions Accurately Compounded Night or Day.

An Electric night bell connected with store, so [illegible] can always [illegible] night or day.

GOLD Great chances to make money. Those who always take advantage of the good chances for making money that are offered, generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many workers of both sexes, young and old, to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The employment will not interfere with your present occupation. Experience not necessary. Those who engage learn how to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address, STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. 1-y

All kinds of Job Work done at this office.

Business Cards.

Hotels.

BENNETT HOUSE.

OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE

SMETHPORT, PA.

This House is the most centrally located one in the borough, being directly opposite the Court House, and in the center of business. It has been recently enlarged, refurnished and refurnished, and is by far the largest, best furnished Hotel in Northern Pennsylvania.

☞ Guests are guaranteed satisfaction.

WRIGHT HOUSE.

MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

E. F. WRIGHT, Proprietor.

First Class in every Respect.

This House is conveniently located, and is furnished with all the appointments of a first-class Hotel. A well-stocked bar and cuisine have been connected with the house. Rates reasonable.

Exchange Hotel.

NEAR BUFFALO DEPOT, SMETHPORT, PA.

J. H. BOWERS, Proprietor.

This Hotel is newly made and furnished in all respects for the comfort and convenience of the traveling public.

BENTON HOUSE.

Larrabees, Pa.

C. H. MOORE - - - Prop'r.

Located directly opposite the Mail, A. & E. and B. N. Y. & P. R.R. Depots. The house has been recently rebuilt and newly furnished throughout, and is now a first class house.

SARTWELL HOUSE,

Port Allegany, Pa.

S. C. SARTWELL, - - PROPRIETOR

The above House has been recently Rebuilt, Refurnished and Refitted in the Latest Style for the convenience of Guests.

BRADFORD HOUSE,

380 *Exchange, Cor. Louisiana St.,*

Opposite the B. N. Y. & P. R. R. Depot

BUFFALO, N. Y.

ED. SEIL, - - - Proprietor

Fillmore House,

Cor. Michigan and Carroll Streets,

Buffalo, N. Y

Rates reduced to $1.00 per day; single meal, 25 cents.

This house has been recently refurnished in the most modern style. It is centrally located, and within one block of the Erie, N. Y. Central and Lake Shore depots. Street cars pass the door from all parts of the city continually.

R. SULLY - - Prop'r.

AKIN HOUSE,

No. 8, Washington St.,

BRADFORD, PA.,

MARION AKIN, Proprietor.

Terms, $1 Per Day

Liberal terms to Commercial Travelers. Good Livery and Feed Stables connected with the House. 47y1143f

Pierce House,

(Near B. R. & B. R. R. Depot.)

Water St., - - - - Smethport, Pa.

A. H. PIERCE, Proprietor.

Restaurant, Lunch Counter and Billiard Parlors connected. Everything new, having been just completed. Charges very moderate. 17tmar

Broezel's Hotel,

cor. Seneca and Wells Streets,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

First Class in every respect.

John Broezel - Prop'r.

SCOTT HOUSE

E. L. SCOTT, PROPRIETOR,

Port Allegany, Pa.

Physicians.

S. D. FREEMAN,

Surgeon, Obstetrician and Consulting Physician and Surgeon.

Office hours from 10 to 11 a. m. and 1 to 2 p. m.

Smethport, Pa.

H. L. McCOY,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Office at residence, cor. Main and Byron streets

Smethport, Pa.

E. G. BROWN

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

Office and rooms over the Post Office.

Smethport Pa.

THOS. H. CARROLL,

PHSICIAN & SURGEON,

Office in Wright House, SMETHPORT, PA.

Land Office of the Bingham Estate.

WELLSBOROUGH, Penn'a, Feby 21, 1882.

All persons are hereby notified against cutting on the timber lands of this estate without proper authority therefor. Application will be made early upon the lands of the estate, by any persons, for any purpose, will make such person or persons liable to prosecution for trespass.

Persons who have bought or leased lands of this estate have deeds, contracts, or leases. The deeds give exact descriptions of the lands to which they refer, and the same are traced and known between them, and by which all other descriptions are governed. All claims to rights or privileges on lands of this estate, unaccompanied by such evidences, are without foundation, and will not be recognized.

ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees.

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., March 23, 1882.

IMPORTANT RAILROAD PROJECT.

A few public spirited citizens of Emporium are agitating the building of a narrow gauge railroad from that town via North creek and Potatoe creek to Smethport. There is no question but that a road over that line would prove a paying one. By following North creek to the mouth of Three Mile, and from thence up the latter to the summit, thence down the East branch of Potatoe creek or swinging westward and working down on to Havens' brook and then into the valley of Potatoe creek, would in either case prove nearly an air line between the two points. This road would inevitably capture all the passenger trade from this portion of McKean county desiring to reach any point on the Philadelphia & Erie railroad east of Emporium. It would run through one of the grandest timber regions of Northern Pennsylvania, and on the headwaters of Potatoe creek would open up a bituminous coal region of very great importance.

We hope the projectors of this enterprise may be able to enlist the help of capitalists in carrying it to completion, but in this connection we desire to call the attention of the railroad companies engaged in building south from Bradford, to a line which in connection with those projected could not but prove remunerative as well as an important feeder to their main lines. We believe that both the New York, Lake Erie & Western and Rochester & Pittsburgh companies expect to have their roads completed around the head of Marvin creek this season. A branch of either of those roads from that point to Emporium via Clermont along the summit to the head of the Driftwood branch of the Sinnemahoning or North creek, thence down either of those streams to Emporium would make the shortest possible route from Bradford to the east. Former surveys show that it is entirely feasible to reach the valley of the Driftwood by the Elk Run route, the maximun grade not exceeding eighty feet to the mile. This line would not only penetrate a magnificent timber region, but would run through and open up the entire bituminous coal territory of the southern townships of this county. This in itself could not fail to give the road a large amount of business. At Emporium where it would connect with the Philadelphia & Erie railroad it could not help but divide the anthracite coal carrying trade with the Buffalo, New York & Philadelphia railroad, as well as all other freight destined for the oil regions. We call the attention of railroad men to this route, believing it would prove to be not only practicable, but highly profitable from the start.

THE CANDIDACY OF MR. ROGERS.

Because of personal requests from the gentleman himself, we have made no mention of the proposed candidacy of Mr. L. Rogers for the office of Secretary of Internal Affairs. The subject has been very much discussed in this locality, and letters signed by hundreds of our citizens have been addressed to him requesting him to announce himself as a candidate, but up to this time he has refused to give effect to any proposition of the kind. In an interview with him while here this week he stated to us that he would not be a candidate unless he was satisfied he was the choice of the people of McKean county, and he had so replied to the many inquiries of his friends throughout the State. If, when the committee meets on the 4th of April, there seems to be a unanimity of sentiment in favor of his nomination, and an expression to that effect is announced, then he says he will see what can be done throughout the State towards securing a nomination by the Republican State Convention. In reference to the action of the County Committee on this subject we believe the following, which we clip from the Bradford *Sunday News*, voices the sentiment of not only the Republicans, but in this section of the county hundreds of Democrats as well:

The Republican committee of this county could perform no better or more worthy act than to formally suggest Hon. Lucius Rogers for the nomination for Secretary of Internal Affairs. There is every argument in favor of doing so, and none against it. A consideration of local pride should alone be sufficient to prompt such action. The man who is fit to be the trusted deputy of a chief for a term of years is certainly fit to be promoted to a chieftaincy himself. Nothing can be urged against Mr. Rogers' party loyalty and devotion. His long residence and hard work in the county, political, material and other, give him a certain claim to this distinction, even though it should lead to nothing beyond, that it would be niggardly to disregard. If, then, the committee instructs its delegates, whoever they may be, for no other candidate, it could not do the county greater honor, at this time, than present this, her honored son, as a candidate for the position named.

COLONEL THOS. V. COOPER, Chairman of the Republican State Committee recently expressed the opinion that there was need for an extra session of the Legislature, because the new revenue bill will take off taxes to the amount of a million dollars annually, and he thought it was folly for the State to postpone action upon a measure relieving a million dollars' worth of our burdens only that it might save $136,000, the cost of a Legislative session. The Senator said an extra session would afford the only favorable opportunity looking to the consideration of the subject of municipal reform. That all such measures in regular sessions were either greatly delayed or defeated by combinations made for and against other bills having no relation to these reforms. Revenue measures, said Mr. Cooper, are always threatened in the same manner. The third and partisan reason Senator Cooper gave for the necessity for an extra session was: "The Republican party should not pursue a policy of remaining quiet and give the enemy opportunity to make appointments which cover a period of ten years and which cannot be repudiated. It will be surprising," said the Senator, "if the reformers don't demand an extra session, as this only favorable opportunity for the work they crave."

THE President nominated on Monday, March 13th, and sent to the Senate for confirmation the name of Hon. Samuel Blatchford, of New York, to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court. This position had been declined by both Roscoe Conklin and Judge Edmonds, of Vermont. The latter was pressed to take it but he wisely concluded to remain in the Senate. He is an invaluable member of that body and can undoubtedly remain there through life. Judge Blatchford was confirmed by the Senate yesterday, 22d inst.

OUR blonde brother over the Allegheny is again agitated in reference to the conduct of the MINER. He says we "whopped over" on the question of calling a convention. Now, dear Hughes, we propose to impart a little information to you which we desire you would treat as confidential—strictly so. It is this: We still think the calling of a County Convention to select delegates to the State Convention would have given better satisfaction to the entire party, but a large majority of the committee disagreed with us on that question. One of the cardinal principles in our political creed is to bow to the will of the majority, and we bowed.

THE Democratic and Guerilla papers of the country are chafing considerably lately because of what they term the "freezing out" of certain attorneys from the Star Route cases. The facts are, that from the day that Attorney General MacVeagh so disgracefully abandoned his post, when plead by President Arthur to remain at least until those cases were disposed of, up to the withdrawal of Col. Cook last week, every man who has left the case has shown the "white feather," and disgraced himself by endeavoring to embarrass the Government in enforcing these prosecutions. The latest case is that of Col. W. A. Cook, who writes a long letter of flimsy excuses to Attorney General Brewster for abandoning the case. General Brewster replies in a most caustic manner in which he shows the absurdity of Cook's position. Mr. Kar, a Democratic lawyer of Philadelphia, who was employed by the Attorney General to draw up the indictments, talks about Cook's withdrawal as follows: "Col. Cook sent in his resignation and without waiting for Attorney General Brewster's decision in the matter made explanations of his course and claimed that he was slowly being frozen out from the prosecution. So far as I could see he had no reason to believe anything of the kind. The manner in which these government cases are conducted is much different from the manner of ordinary district prosecutions. Attorney General Brewster was practically the superintendent of the cases and was not obliged to call a council of the assistants whom he employed. He had a perfect right to tell Col. Bliss or to tell me what to do without consulting Col. Cook or any of the others. The Attorney General had the cases in charge, and no one in connection with the case could expect to be his equal. Col. Corkhill, the District Attorney at Washington, was the only man who had any cause to feel affronted that he was not called in for consultation. The indictments, being in his district, required his signature. When he was asked to sign them he stepped up gracefully and without a moment's hesitation put his name to the documents. He understood the matter thoroughly, and so did every one else."

WASHINGTON LETTER.

FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 21, 1882.

Nothing appears more certain to the observers of politicial events than that the Democratic politicians cannot, or will not, learn anything—not even by experience. The Republicans here have been a good deal amused lately at the efforts of the Democratic Congressmen and leaders to organize and strike out early for the ensuing Congressional campaign. For a number of years the party has floundered around without any policy to speak of, but adopting every expedient to catch votes. They bid first for the Independent vote with Greeley in 1872, then for the Greenback vote, and finally in the last campaign they made a bold strike to capture the soldier vote for Hancock. It has been generally supposed that the scheme of throwing out inducements to catch the soldier element was pretty effectually squelched in that campaign, but now they come to the front with a fresh bait on their hook in the person of Gen. Rosecrans as chairman of the Congressional campaign committee. It was a most foolish selection from every point of view. As a disgusted Democrat said after the caucus: "It puts us on the defensive. We will have to defend the chairman of our committee against the assaults of the so-called Half-Breed press because of the assaults against a dead man. We will have to defend him against the assaults of the Protestants because he is a Catholic. It was a bad selection, because Gen. Rosecrans is two thousand miles away from anywhere and is no politician." This about expresses the situation as it is. The more sagacious and business like Democrats wanted to elect Mr. Flower, of New York, to the chairmanship, partly because he has a "bar'l" and partly on account of his character and ability, but they were over-ruled, just as the whole party will be when the election comes around.

Congress has been for two or three years discussing measures for providing some suitable place for our immense National Library, which now contains over 400,000 volumes and is increasing at the rate of 25,000 volumes per year. A library building is absolutely necessary, as in the present condition of things the books can be of little use to anybody piled and stacked up in rooks and corners about the place now provided for them. The delay of Congress to select a site and appropriate money for a building led to a recent proposition to raise the dome of the Capitol fifty feet and put another story on the centre building. The practicability of this was referred to Gen. Meigs for his opinion as an engineer, and he has just sent his reply to the committee. After describing the construction of the dome, and the capacity of the central portion of the Capitol to bear weight, Gen. Meigs detates that he does not think it prudent to put the additional weight upon it. He says the walls under the dome are just proportioned to bear the load now upon them. The mortar used in the construction of the walls was made of lime and sand, as cement was not used in those days, and the soil upon which the walls rest is of moist clay; that the key-stones in some of the arches over the lower windows under the dome have dropped, some more than others, and upon the whole, Gen. Meigs says the suggested raising of the dome would be a dangerous and fatal enterprise. He says it is possible to take the dome to pieces and rebuild, but that the proportions of the Capitol forbid this as well as any attempt to raise the dome. In conclusion he says: "Nowhere is to be found a great building of such rich and graceful composition as the present Capitol of the United States." And he maintains substantially that any change would not only be dangerous, but would destroy the architectural beauty of the Capitol.

The old vexed question of official precedence which has caused heartburnings and jealousies in Washington society ever since this city became the seat of Government, is liable to come up and engender bad feeling on any occasion of ceremony. It caused a lively and very warm discussion between some ladies and the door-keeper of one of the reserved galleries in the House of Representatives on a recent occasion. It was a question as to the best seats being given to the families of members of the Cabinet in preference to the families of Justices of the Supreme Court. Some ladies of the latter class took possession of the disputed territory and kept it, despite the pleadings of the door-keeper, who in vain urged his orders to keep those seats for certain ladies specially invited by the President. But because the ladies invited belonged to the family of a Cabinet officer the ladies in possession declared that the question of precedence had long ago been settled in favor of the Supreme Court as above the Cabinet in the official scale, and kept the seats. When ex-Senator Conkling's nomination to the Supreme Court was discussed here it was urged that he would never accept a position which forced him to walk behind all the others of the class on all occasions of ceremony. The most recently appointed Justice of the Supreme Court always walk behind the others in entering and leaving the court room daily, and at State dinners and on similar occasions also, takes a less honorable seat than those commissioned earlier. Mr. Conkling would have had to walk immediately behind Justices Gray and Stanley Mathews, the other two recent appointments, and he doesn't love Justice Mathews, anyhow, and Justice Gray, who is by long odds the biggest man in Washington, would have completely overshadowed Mr. Conkling. This is the kind of talk we hear among the Miss Grundy's of the National Capital, but perhaps people of sense will not for a moment suppose that Mr. Conkling even thought of this aspect of the case when he declined the Judgeship.

JUNIUS.

ENGINEER MELVILLE generally knows what he is talking about, but we hope he may be mistaken regarding the fate of Commander De Long and party.

IT has just transpired that Mr. Charles A. Dana had private possession of the Morey letter a week before it was offered to *Truth*, and, deciding it to be a forgery, declined to use it. Charles has been very quiet about this, and there is a universal and vociferous demand that he shall tell all he knows about it.—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

Fall & Winter

OPENING !

1881.

JOSEPH & DORNBERG,

NO. 20 *MAIN STREET,*

ELDRED, PA.

Have Just Opened the Largest and Most complete Stock of

Boys' and Childrens'

CLOTHING

To be found anywhere. Their stock of

GENTS'

FURNISHING GOODS,

IS IMMENSE.

Those preferring garments made to order can be accommodated, as a large stock of Foreign and Domestic piece goods is always on hand, and good fits guaranteed.

Joseph & Dornberg,

ELDRED, PA.

JOB PRINTING, executed with neatness and dispatch, at reasonable rates, at the MINER office.

LEGAL.

Fi. fa. Foreign Attachment.

D. P. FLANAGAN }
vs. } No. 28, Sep. Term, 1881.
THOS. KEEFER. }

MCKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, Greeting:

We command you that you attach Thos. Keefer, late of your county, by all and singular his goods and chattels, debts and credits in your county, so that neither he nor any person for him or to his use do make default, but that he be and appear before our Court of Common Pleas, to be held at Smethport, on the first Monday in December next, there to answer D. P. Flanagan of a plea in assumpsit, and also that you summon Ralph Hamlin and unascertained persons in whose hands or possession the said goods or chattels or any of them may be attached so that they and every of them be and appear before our said Court on the said Third Monday of December next, to answer what shall be objected against them and abide the judgment of the Court thereon; and have you then and there this writ.

Witness the Hon. Henry W. Williams, President of the Court of Common Pleas, at Smethport, the 10th day of October, A. D. 1881.

JOHN B. BRAWLEY, Prothonotary.

For APRIL K. CHADWICK, Deputy.

Now, February 14, 1882, Sheriff A. L. Wilcox is directed to make publication of writ for six weeks in the *McKean Miner* and the *Philadelphia Press*.

BY THE COURT.

Attest:
A. L. WILCOX, Sheriff.
10-6t.

Court Proclamation.

The Hon HENRY W. WILLIAMS, President Judge, and the Hons. HENRY HAMLIN and F. E. FULLER, Associate Judges of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the county of McKean, have issued their precept, bearing date Friday, March 3, 1882, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, at the Court House, in the borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 27th day of March, 1882, and to continue one week.

Dated at Smethport, March 1, 1882, and the 106th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

A. L. WILCOX, Sheriff.

List of Petit Jurors

Drawn for Quarter Sessions and Oyer and Terminer for 4th Monday of March, 1882.

Allen M N, Keating township.
Anderson J A, Hamlin township.
Anderson A, Lafayette township.
Blanchard J C, Otto township.
Barber T F, Corydon township.
Bogardus John W, Foster township.
Burnham D H, Eldred township.
Brown W J, Eldred township.
Chapman F A, Duke Centre.
Curtis B G, Keating township.
Cline G N, Otto township.
Carr A H, Keating township.
Dennis A E, Bradford, 4th Ward.
Dikeman John, Foster township.
Dodge A W, Eldred township.
Dennis M N, Otto township.
Davis H W, Lafayette township.
Dudley John, Keating township.
De Young M, Lafayette township.
De Golia John, Bradford township.
Ellis Royal, Keating township.
Eastman W A, Bradford township.
Griffis M S, Liberty township.
Georgia A W, Eldred township.
Grover Rem, Norwich township.
Hatfield David, Bradford township.
Hall Ira T, Keating township.
Mackey G N, Corydon township.
Hamlin J C, Smethport.
Jacobs E E, Foster township.
King C N, Smethport.
Kane D J, Eldred township.
Mallory H C, Duke Centre.
Morris S D, Eldred township.
Plumer Thos, Bradford township.
Parker Philip, Bradford (4th Ward.)
Parmelee F J, Annin township.
Mann E W, Bradford (2d Ward.)
Rogers C, Duke Centre.
Russell W A, Sergeant township.
Smith Franklin, Corydon township.
Sherwin C R, Bradford township.
Stapler R, Liberty township.
Smethport Louis, Sergeant township.
Trout B A, Corydon township.
Vance Perlmer, Hamilton township.
Welch Martin, Corydon township.
Weaver A H, Bradford (4th Ward.)

A. L. WILCOX, Sheriff.
O. P. CROSS, } Jury
R. C. GALLUP, } Comrs.

Mercantile Appraisement.

THE VENDERS OF FOREIGN AND DOmestic Merchandise, restaurants and billiard tables in McKean County, will take notice that they are appraised and assessed by the undersigned Appraiser of Mercantile and other licenses for the year 1882, as follows, to wit:

Annin Township.

TURTLE POINT.

Class.		Rate
14	James Cremin	$ 7.72
14	Charles Kane	7.72
14	Taylor & Sons	7.72

BRADFORD CITY.

11	Joseph Levi & Co	13.75
14	Gallagher & Co	7.72
14	J. L. Allen	7.72
13	P. D. Gerard	15.75
14	I. H. DeHass	7.72
13	H. Chatterson	15.75
14	J. C. Hasserot	7.72
14	C. L. Brettners	7.72
14	Charles E. Parks	7.72
14	H. T. Hazzard	7.72
13	J. Schlesinger	15.75
11	Hyman Cohn	13.75
11	M. Rosenberg	13.75
13	G. M. Fisher & Co	15.75
13	G. A. Groves	15.75
13	F. F. Storum & Co	15.75
13	A. H. Ward	15.75
14	George C. Smith	7.72
14	L. Kreisberg	7.72
11	D. F. Moseberg	13.75
14	C. Marshall	7.72
14	C. W. Isham	7.72
14	J. Nash	7.72
14	L. Goldstone Bros	7.72
11	H. Sandheim	13.75
14	M. J. Howes	7.72
14	Mulholland Bros	7.72
13	Keck & Co	15.75
14	David Levi	7.72
13	John M Siggins	15.75
14	Fral & Hoffman	7.72
14	M Schlesinger	7.72
13	Jacob Gallensky	15.75
13	Appleton & Fisher	15.75
3	Oil Well Supply Co., Limited	60.72
13	M. Mitchell	15.75
13	Rogers & Mulligan	15.75
13	Healy Bros	15.75
14	R. Friedenberg	7.72
14	A. Linn	7.72
14	L. E. Dunham	7.72
14	H. Rosenberg	7.72
13	J. H. Clark	15.75
13	Grunewald & Co	15.75
11	N. O. Lawrence	13.75
6	I. Emery, Jr. & Co	60.72
7	Hevenor Bros	60.72
11	Bolles & Walker	13.75
13	Thos. A. Deasey	15.75
6	Jarecki M'fg Co., Limited	60.72
13	C. F. Pierce	15.75
13	Kinster & Co	15.75
14	D. T. Bailey	7.72
14	T. A. Davis	7.72
13	Hutchinson & Morris, auctioneers	15.75
14	A. Nassans	7.72
14	H. C. Morton	7.72
14	S. Morrison	7.72
13	Justice Weed	15.75
14	W. W. Hunt & Son	7.72
14	Joseph Rahny	7.72
14	Joseph Whitman	7.72
14	A. B. Stewart	7.72
14	Wm. Bros	7.72
14	Russell & Bell	7.72
14	A. I. Crawford	7.72
14	H. R. Kent	7.72
14	C. C. Bullard	7.72
14	J. K. Morrison	7.72
14	J. E. Sayer	7.72
14	Goodman & Marks	7.72
14	E. Hamm	7.72
14	D. Whitemore	7.72
14	S. A. Grant	7.72
14	S. Rosenzweig	7.72
14	Solomon & Co	7.72
14	F. Fragner	7.72
14	E. Friedenberg	7.72
14	Wentworth & Davis	7.72
14	Thompson & Wood	7.72
14	D. O'Donnell	7.72
14	I. Kahn	7.72
14	H. C. Sanderson & Co	7.72
14	C. Rosenzweig	7.72
14	Willis & Smith	7.72
14	M. Rosenstein	7.72
14	A. Gallard	7.72
14	A. Mayer & Co	7.72
14	S. J. Hamlin	7.72
14	L. M. Kortheuer & Bros	7.72
14	J. B. Smith	7.72
14	A. T. Harrington	7.72
14	James Hendrickson	7.72
14	C. Feeney	7.72
14	Frawley & Ryan	7.72
14	Martin Williams	7.72
14	D. F. M. McDowell	7.72
14	James Hendrickson	7.72
14	H. S. Barker	7.72
14	S. J. Ortego	7.72
14	S. A. Ferrell	7.72
14	Bunyan & Pulman	7.72
14	W. S. Hagerman	7.72
14	S. G. Elliott & Co	7.72
14	Chamberlain & Hall	7.72
14	E. J. Cross	7.72
14	Davis & Son	7.72
14	R. Vance	7.72
14	Riddell & Mace	7.72
14	Kays & Duffie	7.72
14	Perkins & Weber	7.72
14	F. M. Hanson	7.72
14	Chambers & Grotinger	7.72
14	R. S. Peirce	7.72
14	Whitbeck & Pratt	7.72
14	Morris & Sherrick	7.72
14	W. D. Hallett	7.72
14	J. M. Frost	7.72
14	Charles Payne	7.72
14	C. Rosenzweig	7.72
14	Isaac Reed	7.72
14	Joyner & Johnson	7.72
14	S. Sherrod	7.72
14	G. Bartell	7.72
14	G. G. Bennett	7.72
14	Jacob Hazlet	7.72
14	E. W. Hines	7.72
14	Mallory Bros	7.72
14	Solomon & Fox	7.72
14	D. Jenkins	7.72
14	E. Strickland	7.72
14	S. Hays	7.72
14	J. C. Hyde	7.72
14	S. L. Hyde	7.72
14	E. T. Sweet & Co	7.72
14	J. A. Webb	7.72
14	J. A. Wetherby	7.72

LEGAL.

14	Miller Bros	7.72
14	J. O. Hamilton	7.72
14	C. W. Beauty	7.72
14	Jarecki M'fg Co	7.72
14	J. C. Hyde	7.72
14	E. H. Brown	7.72
14	J. H. Cochran, wholesale	60.72

BILLIARD AND BOWLING ALLEYS.

8	Chas. S. Abbott, 7 tables	$ 60.72
8	Theodore Kellogg, 2 tables	60.72
8	Joseph A. Gallagher, 2 tables	60.72
8	P. J. O'Brien, 2 tables	60.72
8	M. Brown, 2 tables	60.72
8	Samuel B. Edmonds, 2 tables	60.72
8	A. Mayer & Co., 2 tables	60.72
8	P. H. Abbott, 2 tables	60.72
1	Joseph Smith, 1 table	22.72

Bradford Township.

CUSTER CITY.

14	I. Caldwell & Co	7.72
14	S. Hershey	7.72
14	B. A. Dempsey	7.72
14	R. W. Clark	7.72
14	George H Chevalier	7.72
14	S. Jewett	7.72
13	Chandler Bros	15.75
14	A. V. Norton	7.72
14	James Crocker	7.72
14	E. Finkelmeier	7.72
14	Foster Bros	7.72

BILLIARD TABLES.

2	T. V. Walker, 2 tables	60.72

Sergeant Township.

CLERMONT.

13	Hamlin & Townsend	15.75
14	Lawrence Bayer	7.72
14	John Sullivan	7.72

Norwich Township.

COLLINSVILLE.

14	C. M. Colegrove	7.72

Corydon Township.

14	F. M. Raymond	7.72
14	J. H. Gladstone	7.72

DERRICK CITY.

14	A. W. Hobbs	7.72
14	August Spohrase	7.72
14	W. H. Fay	7.72
14	Oil Well Supply Co, Limited	7.72
14	W. Hobbs, Sheriff	7.72
14	Orr Walker	7.72
14	Abel Bros	7.72

GILMORE.

14	S. W. Walker	7.72
14	Vogus Bros	7.72
14	A. R. Webb	7.72
14	W. H. Carvell	7.72

BILLIARD TABLES.

	George Dunn, one table	30.72

NEW CITY.

14	F. H. Morse	7.72
13	Kinney Smith	15.75
14	T. J. Thomas	7.72
13	S. F. Hodges	15.75
14	J. H. Fawling	7.72
14	W. F. Sexsmith	7.72
14	Bickley Bros	7.72
14	W. D. Murry	7.72
14	W. M. Mills	7.72
14	J. F. McGeorge	7.72
13	J. D. Wolf	15.75

RED ROCK.

13	Jarecki M'fg Co	30.72
14	E. V. Wrisely & Co	7.72
14	A. Gerow	7.72
14	D. D. Ball	7.72
14	Wm. Shearer	7.72

DALLAS CITY.

14	J. O. Foreman	7.72
14	Harrison A. Lord	7.72
14	J. A. Albaugh	7.72
13	Jarecki M'fg Co	30.72

SAWYER CITY.

14	Oil Well Supply Co, Limited	7.72
13	C. G. Davenport	30.72
14	Coulrin & J. Baker	7.72
14	Williams & Kidney	7.72

BILLIARDS.

2	Washmer, two tables	60.72

KENDALL BOROUGH.

14	Kirkbride & Ryan	7.72
14	John Stevens	7.72
14	Mackey & Bonham	7.72
14	O. F. Spencer	7.72
14	I. Kannenbur	7.72
14	F. Gross Bros	7.72
14	L. Hering & Co	7.72
14	James Keyes	7.72
14	Wilcox Brownson	7.72
14	J. A. Bliss	7.72
14	G. Horn & Co	7.72
13	Oil Well Supply Co	30.72
14	Phillips & Martin	7.72
14	A. Pierce	7.72
14	C. B. Adams	7.72
14	E. N. Abbey	7.72
14	F. Bidden	7.72
14	H. C. Smith	7.72
14	J. H. Butler	7.72
14	A. W. Hamlin	7.72
14	H. A. Haggerty	7.72
14	C. W. Stanes	7.72
14	J. J. Cahill	7.72
14	F. H. Burr	7.72
14	D. W. Bowman	7.72
14	F. W. Evans	7.72
13	Hobbes Bros	15.75
14	F. O. Perry	7.72
14	John Higby	7.72
14	J. Graves	7.72
14	G. McDonald	7.72

BILLIARDS.

	Barney Gunn, six tables	60.72

SUMMIT CITY.

14	R. F. Bolger	7.72
13	Oil Well Supply Co, Limited	15.75
14	E. F. Bert	7.72
13	Jarecki M'fg Co	15.75
14	N. F. Ames	7.72
14	S. Gillian	7.72
14	Thomas Vidal	7.72

Lafayette Township.

ALTON.

13	Appleton & Fisher	15.75
14	J. K. Purse	7.72
14	H. B. Hoop	7.72
14	Wiggins & Curtis	7.72
14	Taylor & McIntyre	7.72
14	M. DeYoung	7.72
14	Phillips Bros	7.72

BILLIARDS.

	Lewis & Davis, 2 tables	60.72

RITKSVILLE.

14	G. W. Keener	7.72

BIG SHANTY.

14	Rigsell & Mann	7.72
14	R. A. Beaty	7.72
13	R. G. Wells	15.75
14	Pinkerton & Webster	7.72
13	Oil Well supply Limited	15.75

BILLIARDS.

	Alex Ayers, two tables	60.72

Keating Township.

SMETHPORT BOROUGH.

13	Wm Hamill & Son	15.75
14	T. J. Munson	7.72
14	A. B. Armstrong	7.72
14	M. L. Armstrong	7.72
14	G. W. Williams	7.72
14	W. D. Gallup	7.72
13	Worley Gifford	15.75
14	Brownell Bros	7.72
14	Truman Bolles	7.72
14	E. F. Hammond	7.72
14	M. A. Sprague	7.72
14	J. & R. Washburn	7.72
14	W. T. Calkins	7.72
14	Harry Wilcox	7.72
14	Mayhew & Shaw	7.72
14	L. W. Mason	7.72
14	J. C. Hamlin	7.72
14	Charles Donohoe	7.72
14	W. C. Gorsline	7.72
14	Samuel Rockwell	7.72

BILLIARDS.

	Wm Taylor, two tables	60.72
	A. Shearer, three tables	90.72

EAST SMETHPORT.

14	Thomas Fletcher	7.72
14	Hyde Ross	7.72

FARMERS VALLEY.

14	F. C. Olds	7.72
8	Eckhoff, brewer and distiller	60.72
14	F. W. Blakely	7.72

COLEVILLE.

	Oil Well Supply Co	7.72
14	J. M. Mapes	7.72
14	A. B. Tabbs	7.72
14	C. M. Ely & Co	7.72
14	Joseph Thebore	7.72
14	F. Wm	7.72
14	M. A. Alberty	7.72
14	J. McFarland	7.72
14	J. F. Fredericks, billiard table	22.72

BORDELL.

14	E. M. Bunton	7.72
14	A. J. Mann, sr	7.72
14	O. B. Rush	7.72
14	Morris Unger	7.72

DAVIS CITY.

	Burkholder & Bollman	7.72
14	Lyons & Pierce	7.72
14	Bennett & Co	7.72
13	Jarecki M'fg Co	15.75
14	Oil Well Supply Co, limited	7.72

AIKEN CITY.

14	Oil Well Supply Co., limited	7.72
14	W. F. Bolger	7.72
14	J. Oneal	7.72
14	James Tate	7.72
14	B. A. Greene & Co	7.72
14	M. C. McBride	7.72
14	Chandler Bros	7.72
14	Mrs. E. Rumsey	7.72
14	M. R. Dennison	7.72
14	F. Rice & Co	7.72
14	D. McDonald	7.72
14	Flannery & Bennett	7.72
14	U. D. Hall	7.72
14	H. W. Ward & Son	7.72
	Jno Richmond, two billiard tables	30.72

Liberty Township.

POST ALLEGANY.

	Henry Hendrix	7.72
	S. O. Dalton	7.72
	Carlton & A. Green	7.72
	L. H. Dolley & Co	7.72
	Thomas McDowell	7.72
	M. A. Lamberton	7.72
	Bunyan & Bond	7.72
	Bailey & Co	7.72
	C. A. Fuller	7.72
	Frank Hopkins	7.72
	S. C. Gates	7.72
	Bond & Co	7.72
	C. L. Henderson	7.72
	F. D. Dingo	7.72
	Hunt & Keating	7.72
	L. H. Dolley, one billiard table	22.72

SOUTHARD MILLS.

	Robert Gardner	7.72

Wetmore Township.

KANE.

	Gallatin & Lay	7.72
	Farrell	7.72
	S. C. Allen	7.72
	S. C. Allen	7.72
	T. Collins	7.72

LEGAL.

14	W. H. Smith	7.72
14	J. O. Lemmin	7.72
14	P. C. Ward & Co	7.72
	Ralph Young, two billiard tables	45.72

MEADOW STATION.

14	[illegible]	7.72
14	[illegible]	7.72

MILDRED BOROUGH.

14	[illegible]	7.72
14	C. F. Wise	7.72
14	C. V. Wise	7.72
14	C. E. Eastwood	7.72
14	W. G. Roberts	7.72
14	A. N. Hawley	7.72
14	J. C. Wise	7.72
14	A. Crandall	7.72
14	A. Harrison	7.72
14	Lamont & Umapher	7.72
14	J. W. Dennis	7.72
14	Robert Lightfoot	7.72
14	C. S. Lyter	7.72
14	C. A. Young	7.72
14	S. W. Smith & Co	7.72
14	J. W. Spitler	7.72
14	W. A. Armistead	7.72
14	W. Derringer	7.72
14	Jenkins & Dunsmore	7.72
14	Spicer & Marsh	7.72
14	L. L. Park	7.72
14	Fisher & Wolcott	7.72
13	Oil Well Supply Co, Limited	30.72

BILLIARD AND BOWLING ALLEYS.

8	Dolan Estate, one tables	60.72
8	Irving Scrafford, one tables	60.72
8	W. Derringer, three tables	60.72

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., March 23, 1882.

Important Newspaper Decisions.

A postmaster is required to give notice by letter, (returning a paper does not answer the law) when a subscriber does not take his paper out of the office, and state the reason for its not being taken, and a neglect to do so makes the postmaster responsible to the publishers for the payment.

Anyone who takes a paper from the postoffice whether directed to his name or another, or whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the pay.

If a person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrearages, or the publishers may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether it be taken from the office or not. There can be no legal discontinuance until the payment is made.

If a subscriber orders his paper to be stopped at a certain time and the publisher continues to send it, the subscriber is bound to pay for it, if he takes it out of the post office. The law proceeds upon the ground that a man must pay for what he uses.

The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the post office or removing and having them called for, is prima facia, evidence of intentional fraud.

HERE AND HEREABOUTS.

Soon the jay bird will be singing,
Hunting for the early worm,
Soon the festive tramp will skirmish,
Having served his three months' term.

Soon the loafer will thaw out,
And pose on corners as "base scout,"
Till the "gallant copper" nabs him,
And hires him where he ought to be.

Soon the ice man will be shouting
"Ice!" and "when you 'arnal mule!"
Stirring up at early day break
Little boys to go to school.

Everything betokens Spring time,
New styles of corsets have set in;
Butter will soon be pale as moonlight,
And garden sass worth its weight in "tin."

—Only one more Sunday in March.

—W. J. Milliken, Esq., of Bradford, is in town.

—St. Patrick's day passed unobserved in Smethport

—Only a little over two weeks to Easter Sunday.

—County Superintendent M. O. Campbell is again in town.

—J. B. Wheaton, Real Estate Broker, of Bradford, is in town.

—Some of our city exchanges report strawberries in the market.

—Gen. Hamar returned from a trip to New York city on Saturday last.

—Rev. J. H. McCandless is again in Philadelphia for medical treatment.

—Laboring men are scarce in Erie at $1.50 per day. So says an exchange.

—Hon. W. W. Brown, of Bradford, was in town a few minutes yesterday.

—Howard Wilson has resigned his position as clerk at the Rockwell House.

—Olean has recently organized a board of trade. C. V. B. Bass is the president.

—E. C. Overbaugh, of Kinzua village, made the MINER a pleasant call yesterday.

—There were produced last year in the Clearfield coal region 2,250,000 tons of coal.

—Geo. Tinto, High Constable of Duke Centre, made Smethport a flying visit on Tuesday.

—Mrs. T. D. Nash and Miss Belle Mullin have been visiting friends in Larrabee.

—Gen. Robert Halsey, of New York city, was stopping in Smethport the first of the week.

—Hugh P. Brawley took a little run over to Bradford one day this week. He returned, however, next day.

—Mr. E. Leasure, of the firm of Perkins & Leasure, music dealers in Bradford, was in town Saturday.

—T. J. Sartwell has taken charge of his drug store at Eldred and stays at that place most of the time now.

—Squire Ford has moved his office down stairs and is now comfortably located in the rooms vacated by T. F. O'Day.

—Mr. and Mrs. Geo. M. Corwin returned from their bridal tour on Tuesday. They will make Smethport their future home.

—C. V. Gillis, Geo. Welker, T. H. Ryan, and J. T. Griffeth, some of the staunch business men of Kane were in town to day.

—Pigeons are nesting in Highland township, Elk county. They are reported more plentiful than when there three years ago.

—Geo. Stevens Uncle Tom's Cabin Combination played to a large audience in the Kittredge Opera House, on Friday evening last.

—The services at St. Luke's Episcopal Church on Sunday next, 26th inst., will be at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. Service on Friday at 4 p. m.

—Deputy Sheriff Barbour escorted Jennie DeWolf, and Charles Rosenthal, the Bradford incendiary, to the Hotel de Wilcox on Saturday last.

—Jack McCarthy, the Richburg murderer, will don the black cap and be jerked into the hereafter in a short time to-morrow, unless respited.

—Hon. Lucius Rogers visited Smethport this week to be present at the dedication of the M. E. Church, and assisted in the choir on the occasion.

—Mr. Robert H. Rose, of Smethport, McKean county, was in town last Friday on a visit to his uncle, Robert C. Simpson, Esq.—*Wellsboro Agitator.*

—It is no impertinence to stop a newspaper reporter on the street, even if he is on the double quick, provided you have an item of local news that is news.

—Mrs. J. T. Linderman, mother of P. H. Linderman, business manager of the Bradford *Era*, died at her residence in Kingston, N. Y., on Monday evening.

—Mr. H. D. Ault, of State Line Mills, paid his respect to the MINER office Tuesday. Mr. Ault is engaged in the mercantile business at that point at present.

—The days are considerably lengthened out. The laborer can now eat his breakfast after daylight, do ten hours work, and get through his supper before dark.

—District Attorney McSweeney has removed from rooms in the residence of A. D. Burbank, on Main street, to the house owned by S. V. Gadden on Bank street.

—F. E. Schenk, formerly proprietor of the Bennett House, in the town, and the Hotel Roth, Bradford, has just returned from Minneapolis, Minn., where he has engaged in business. He will return to the west again in about two weeks.

—The Mississippi House of Representatives has passed a bill prohibiting the sale of tobacco in any form to minors without the consent of their parents or guardians.

—Hon. B. B. Strang, of Tioga county, who was recently appointed United States Marshal for Dakota, will soon leave for that Territory to assume his official duties.

—Mr. Pat. Gavin, who was until recently section boss on this end of the B. R. & K. railroad, now has full charge of laying the iron on the Rochester & Pittsburgh railroad.

—John Desmond, who was for a long time connected with J. F. Keating's hotel at Clermont, has secured a situation as clerk in a hotel at Wellsville, and left for that place on Thursday.

—The Metropolitan Dramatic Company which was billed for entertainments at the Kittredge Opera House on Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings failed to put in an appearance.

—Rev. W. H. Wagoner was in attendance at the dedication of the M. E. Church last Tuesday. The reverend gentleman is looking well, an evidence that Rushford must agree with him.

—A dispatch from Europe announced that "there are serious signs of a movement among the Poles." Same way here. Sucker fishing set in last week, and the trout fishing season will open on April 1st.—*Er.*

—Jas. Macguire now holds forth behind the desk of the Rockwell House. "Jimmy" is popular with both the "boys" and the traveling public, and cannot help but draw patronage for that popular house.

—Samuel Sartwell, who has been visiting with his daughter in Tompkins county, N. Y., for some time past, scented the pigeons and returned to Smethport last week, looking good natured, hale and hearty as ever.

—D. C. Beattie, who has been engaged as a painter in Smethport for over a year past, has securred a situation in the finishing department of Martin's furniture manufactory at Jamestown, N. Y., where he has gone and commenced his duties.

—Monday evening, April 10th, seems to be a favorite date for Firemen's dances this year. Besides our own hose company's dance, the Cattaraus Hose, of Bradford, Carrier Hose, of Kendall, and the Citizens Hose, of Olean, will give parties on that date.

—The spruce gum industry of Maine is represented to be in a highly flourishing condition. Men who range the woods collecting the gum make good wages, selling the article for forty cents a pound. Altogether residents of the State obtain $40,000 yearly by the sale of the article.

—The *Elmira Advertiser* has secured the services of Mr. N. L. Adams as managing editor. The *Advertiser* is one of the most reliable and best daily papers published in New York State, and with its growing popularity will soon take a leading position in the journalistic field.

—Moses Ray, the popular down town barber, had a severe attack of mumps a short time ago, but is again able to be about and attend to business. We can't see why Ray couldn't have had them at the same time the rest of Smethport's inhabitants succumbed to that contagious disease.

—Mr. E. J. Hall, representing some large tanning concerns in Buffalo is again in Smethport, making contracts for the purchase of bark during the coming season. Mr. H. purchased a large quantity last season, and is well and favorably known among the farmers in this neighborhood.

—John Hussey has ceased to tend bar in the basement of the Grand Central. He is superceeded by N. D. Orr, who recently manipulated the glasses at the Bennett House. The Messrs. Van Gorder are again conducting the latter house. It is becoming quite evident that the General *does* believe in a change.

—"After fifteen years' careful study it has been resolved that ladies who 'eternally and forever' leave the post-office door open, wear uncommonly large shoes." This is the way the Smethport postmaster has of getting the ladies to shut the post-office door. Mart is quite a wit, and in this instance wit and wisdom go hand in hand.

—Wm. Harrison, who allowed a team to runaway sometime since which ran over S. O. Curtis severely injuring him, was arrested by Mr. Curtis on Tuesday last, who claimed damages for injuries done to his person. Bail was fixed at $1,000 and while the bonds were being made out Harrison took "French leave" and has not been heard from since.

—The *Times* publishing company of Bradford has added $7,000 to the capital already invested, and will enlarge the paper and secure Associated Press dispatches. The *Times* is a bright and spicy sheet now, and with the addition of the Press dispatches there will be no end to its boom. W. R. Lester still occupies the editorial chair, and will continue to make it as lively as heretofore, if not more so.

—On Tuesday last Mary Marker, of Gillmor, was brought to Smethport and lodged in jail for keeping a disorderly house and using obscene language. Mary has a broken arm, but notwithstanding this misfortune, she managed to make it very interesting for the officers in charge before they got her from the depot to the jail, squatting down on the sidewalk and refusing to go until she had a cup of coffee. A barn blanket was used, but not successfully; coffee was the only thing to induce the lady Mary to move. One of the officers went after a cup of coffee for her, but returned with a wheelbarrow, and the obscene creature seeing him coming with the one-wheeled conveyance, smiled and peacefully walked along without an escort. Mary's personal appearance does not indicate that she is competent to keep a very orderly house.

Removal.

Our popular dentist, Dr. F. C. Pierce, will after April 1st occupy rooms over L. W. Mason's Hardware store. A dentist has long been needed in Smethport, therefore Dr. Pierce has had grand success in his practice, being some of the time busy night and day. The Doctor's work is so well known, he needs no further recommendation. M.

CHURCH DEDICATION.

THE M. E. CHURCH DEDICATED BY BISHOP SIMPSON—THE ENTIRE DEBT RAISED.

The M. E. Church edifice in this place was dedicated to the worship of God on Tuesday last, and the many members of the congregation have reason to be proud of their place of worship and grateful for the fact that its dedication was not consummated until more than the debt upon it had been pledged among them.

The edifice itself is a very neat piece of church architecture, and was designed by Mr. E. Beebee of Buffalo. The building was done by different firms, but all seem to have used the best of material and skillful workmanship, so that in its entirety the edifice is all that could be desired. Inside, its arrangements appear very convenient. The seats are of an improved make and are comfortable. Six large stained glass windows throw a mellow light throughout the church, and are so arranged as to secure ample ventilation without admitting draughts. The heating is by hot air furnace and registers, and two handsome chandeliers, together with brackets on the walls, make provision for lighting up the interior. The whole building has been provided with appropropriate carpeting by the Ladies Aid Society, and the altar furniture, consisting of four pieces is black walnut, is the work of J. S. Payne, of Boston, and is very superior church furniture. The chairs in use by the choir at present, were donated by Messrs. Specht & Reese. The dome contains a very clear toned bell, the gift of Mrs. A. Corwin. The windows of the church are all presentation windows and bear the names of Richard Chadwick, Hon. S. Sartwell and wife, H. B. King, Hon. A. N. Taylor, Ira S. Gleason and wife and Hon. L. Rogers and wife. The four former were put in by Jno. R. Chadwick, the Messrs. Sartwell, Geo. King and Mrs. Taylor, in commemoration of their deceased relatives whose names appear thereon, and the two latter donated by those named above. They are quite handsome and add much to the beauty of the church. In connection with the seats, which will accommodate in the neighborhood of three hundred persons, we may remind our readers that two orders of seats for this edifice were destroyed by fire, the first in Olean, and the second in the Dart mill fire at Buffalo, one day before they were to have been shipped. Those put in were made at home, but compare favorably with any we have seen and are neatly finished in oil.

The dedication ceremonies took place on Tuesday morning, a large concourse attending. Among those who took part in the services were Bishop Simpson, of Philadelphia, Rev. L. A. Stevens, P.E. of Olean District, and Revs. W. H. Wagoner, Rushford, N. Y., Wm. Bradley, Portville, N. Y., T. F. Parker, Eldred, Pa., J. K. Underhill, Port Allegany, Pa., E. G. Piper, Ellicottville, N. Y., and the pastor Rev. Mr. Hubbel.

A choir of twelve voices, led by Mr. F. Blodgett, assisted in the dedicatory services, rendering the opening anthem in a creditable manner, and after prayer and the reading of the scripture, the sermon was preached by Bishop Simpson. We append as full a synopsis of his remarks as our space will allow:

The reverend gentleman took his text from the fourteenth chapter of the Epistle to the Romans, part of the 7th verse: "For none of us liveth to himself," and his discourse throughout was lucid and earnest. He said there was no point at which the word of God was in opposition to the truth, and that although men often thought and declared they had a right to live for themselves, such a life was impossible, the scriptures declared that a man's life was not his own and this declaration was abundantly sustained by the dictates of reason and even the entire arrangements of the universe. There was no such thing as life for itself. With the exception of the Great Creator, there was no life independent of other lives, nor was there anything that existed independent of the arrangements of that Great Creator in governing the whole universe. In illustration of this, the speaker showed the influence which the heavenly bodies exert one upon the other, and the planets and moon upon the earth by the law of gravitation, and drew attention to the fact that the latest discovered planet had been found to have its influence upon the earth. There was no such thing as independence; in the higher walks each body depended upon the other. This law was also manifest as pertained to man's existence, it was proclaimed by the way in which the necessaries and luxuries of civilized life are scattered all over the earth to be gathered from here and there, the nations meeting to make interchange of their commodities for the common need. God had written it on the constitution of the world that we were one great family, so we lived, not for ourselves, but for a common interest. The Bishop then traced the dependence of mankind in the matter of labor, noting in the wonderful improvements and inventions of the present day, the excellence which was obtained in a division of labor by which the scientist and specialist were enabled to turn their attention to one thing for the benefit of the whole, while others provided them with bread. In the use of such necessary articles as a pin or a cup of tea, a single day is never passed without making us indebted to hundreds of others. This dependency existed in all our needs and extended to our mental requirements; the mental tendency of humanity to, dependence was a law written on our hearts, and it was this law from which sprung the desire felt by all for society, and again demonstrated the fact that we could not live for ourselves. How all humanity sought for society, and what a punishment it was when man were debarred from association with their fellow men. The greatest punishment inflicted upon the criminals in our jails was solitary confinement, and this, if protracted, was frequently the cause of mental derangement. This want of society grew out of a thirst for knowledge which had been implanted in the human heart—a desire, a curiosity to know something of the human beings who surround them. This desire sometimes degenerated into what was termed gossip, but it was God who had given us an interest in how our brother stands, and that interest, if properly directed, would rise above the level of gossip, and instead of being distrusted as the telephone ordinarily would be, would be the means of doing much good. The speaker then asked the question, "Is he bidden to the wedding feast?" "Has he on the wedding garment?" "Is his name entered in the Book of Life?" Our feeling should be answered to the words uttered by the old Roman, "I am a man, and whatever concerns humanity concerns me." The reverend gentleman then drew attention to another phase of man's dependence as shown by our propensity to imitation. From the child we learned by imitation; there were a thousand things acquired by imitation which could not be learned by the aid of reason alone. We did not live for ourselves alone, and the counterpart of this was that while we imitated, we not only imitated but improved. We could not help imitating nor being improved, nor could we help improving. This was a law which held society together, and without which society would be like grains of sands, thrown apart. Then, how careful ought each individual to be of his example, when it is influencing those around him either for good or for ill; how careful of the words he utters, whether they be words of profanity or tidings of celestial joy! He had heard men say they were independent of others, but this could not be; all must have their influence either for good or for ill. Then again, mankind would rather have the approbation than the censure of their fellow beings, and every individual had an inward feeling which drew him towards his fellow man. This feeling was divinely implanted and could not be resisted. If the sick man was neglected or the poor man passed by, conscience always asked "Is it right?" People could not live for themselves; God had written this law on the hearts of all, and they condemned themselves if they tried to live for themselves. Applying this thought, the Bishop contrasted the death of the miser who had tried to live for himself, with that of the open-hearted and generous man who had lived for others, and the hero who had perished in the service of his country, and said it was this same principle of human dependence which led men to estimate so highly those whose lives had been spent or imperilled in the service of others. He quoted the names of Wilberforce and Howard as philanthropists, and Calvin, Luther, Wesley and Knox as theologists, and alluded to the love and reverence borne them as an outgrowth of the fact that they lived not for themselves alone, but gave up their lives for the benefit of their fellow men—they lived and toiled for the principles they upheld, and were willing to become martyrs for them if necessary. Paul, the great apostle, lived not for himself, but labored for humanity—he had gone up above. But the greatest example was that of the Lord Jesus Christ, who died that our souls might have eternal life. He had not where to lay His head when alive, and no sepulchre when dead. He had lived not for Himself, He had suffered for our sakes hours of dark and bitter agony, and for us had undergone the humiliation and tortures of the cross—now He was exalted. In every department of the universe, in every step of our lives, we found the lesson of the text: "For none of us liveth to himself." But if we were not to live to ourselves, how were we to live? Christ lived for all the world and died for every man—He lived and died for all, for the leper, the blind, the deaf, the rich and poor. If we get His spirit we live for others, it was this Christian spirit which had built hospitals for the sick and asylums for the insane, the poor, the deaf, the blind—made the deaf to hear and the blind to see in a sense, by educating the former and making books to be read by the touch of the latter. If we lived for Christ we could not help but live for humanity. This spirit also begot a tenderness to sinners, and drew his fellow men towards its possessor. It was only by living for Christ that we could live for humanity, without this life in Christ men would go wrong even with the best intentions, plans not laid in Christ were apt to go far astray. The terrible system of African slavery commenced with a movement in sympathy with the Indians on an island in the West Indies. We should take hold of Christ's plans and Christ's thoughts that our lives might be in accordance with His teachings. There was one strong sentiment implanted in the human heart, a desire for fame, a wish to be known of and remembered by others. He had seen names carved upon trees, upon the tops of mountains, on the summits of buildings, everywhere he had been, both at home and abroad, and these names had all been carved through a desire that others might know them; all want to look beyond the present, beyond this life. As he was getting towards the end of this life he seemed to value it much more than he did when a young man; just as he had learned to live a little better, he must die; there was but one life to be spent here and we were not to live that unto ourselves, but unto Christ. If His work was done, He would take care of them. It mattered not if a man were lowly and unknown if he had the check of an old and wealthy firm to present to the bank, it would be honored as coming from the well-known firm though he who presented it might be obscure. They might be ever so poor and lowly, but if they lived for Jesus and had His name, they could go to the bank and draw boldly. Christ had told them that whatsoever they seeked in His name, that should be given unto them, and if they had their names written in the Lamb's Book of Life, they were safe though all earthly governments should fall. Let them but live for Christ, and when they died they would die in Him. Let them not live unto themselves, but live for Christ, and through Him for humanity, with higher views and more glorious aims. In conclusion, the Bishop congratulated the congregation on their church work—the glorious tribute they were now offering to God. Every community was benefitted by the erection of places of worship, and those who helped make this offering to God were living beyond themselves. In the present it would be a source of joy to all, and in the future some of those present would perhaps be enabled to look down from heaven, not upon bank stocks or riches, but upon that church, where something had been done for the Lord, and say, "God helped me to have part in the erection of that church where that soul was converted to God."

After the conclusion of the sermon, the Presiding Elder of the Olean district, made an appeal for funds to cover the cost of the construction of the edifice, which had been completed at an expense of $8,513.69, of which $3,413.69 had been paid, leaving a balance of nearly $1,100 to be raised. Bishop Simpson then asked for subscriptions of $50, ten of which were raised, after which subscriptions of $25 each were asked, in which amount another $500 were quickly pledged. Smaller amounts were then subscribed and a collection taken, the whole amount raised being $1,372.77, leaving a balance of over $300 in the hands of the trustees.

The dedicatory ceremonies were then proceeded with, Messrs. John R. Chadwick, F. Keene and H. L. Bartlinghame, the trustees, appearing at the altar to take formal possession of the church as consecrated according to the ritual, which was then proceeded with by Bishop Simpson, assisted by the clergymen present. The ceremony concluded, the meeting was dismissed with the singing of the Doxology.

In the evening, Rev. Dr. Cushing, of Bradford, preached an impressive sermon to a large congregation, taking his text from the second chapter, ninth verse of Hagai, and dwelling upon the importance of keeping alive Christian zeal in the new house of worship and making its influence for good felt throughout the entire community.

Rev. W. B. Wagoner preached Wednesday evening, and Rev. L. A. Stevens will preach this (Thursday) and Friday evenings, Friday evening being the first service of the quarterly meeting. Love feast at 9.30 a. m. on Sunday, preaching at 10.30 by Rev. W. B. Wagoner, followed by the usual sacramental services.

Maple Sugar Festival.

On Tuesday evening, March 28, the ladies of the Baptist church will give a warm maple sugar festival in the west storeroom of the Kittredge Opera House. Nothing will be left undone to make it a success. Everbody is cordially invited to attend.

Wyoming Oil Bubble Bursted.

There appears to have been some mistake in regard to the reported oil strike in Wyoming county last week. The latest intelligence received from Tunkhannock is to the effect that there is a large amount of gas, a portion of which is used to run the engine, but as yet there is no oil. The people of that section, however, think the outlook favorable. If this well proves to be a duster, several others will be drilled in the vicinity, as the company proposes to make a thorough test of the territory.

New System of Paying on the Erie.

Beginning with this month, the Erie railway company will pay its employes by drafts. The station agents of the company will cash the paper to the extent of the funds in their possession, and remit the same to R. W. Spencer, treasurer, as cash. Banks located at Nyack, Newburgh, Goshen, Middletown, Honesdale, Carbondale, Owego, Waverly, Elmira, Bath, Salamanca, Tonawanda, Niagara Falls, Suspension Bridge, Lockport, Gowanda, Attica, Wellsville, Cuba, Dunkirk, Bradford, Olean and Jamestown will cash drafts at par for employes who desire currency.

Piping Grain.

The success of the experiment of conveying oil by pipe lines from one point to another has inspired some ingenious and energetic minds to the study of the problem of the transportation of grain from the prairies of the flourishing West to the grain elevators and mills of the great commercial centres. Several years have transpired in experiments to this end, and it is claimed that the results obtained fully demonstrate the entire practicability of the project. The process has been patented, so much confidence is being felt in its utility. The originator of this wonderful and important invention is Mr. A. K. Williams, of Minneapolis.

$20.00 Biblical Reward.

The publishers of *Rutledge's Monthly* offer ten valuable rewards in their *Monthly* for April, among which is the following:

We will give $20.00 in gold to the person telling us which is the middle verse in the New Testament Scriptures by April 10th, 1882. Should two or more correct answers be received, the reward will be divided. The money will be forwarded to the winner April 18th, 1882. Persons trying for the reward must send 20 cents in silver (no postage stamps taken) with their answer, for which they will receive the *May Monthly*, in which the name and address of the winner of the reward and the correct answer will be published. This may be worth $20.00 to you; cut it out. Address—RUTLEDGE PUBLISHING CO., Easton, Penn'a. 1843.

CORRESPONDENCE.

ITEMS OF INTEREST COLLATED FOR THE MINER.

Marvin Creek.

A man in the employ of M. Miller has a badly jammed leg.

An oyster supper for the benefit of Rev. Hagbe will occur at the residence of Mr. Garlick, on Thursday evening, 23d inst.

Mr. D. Pattison, Mercantile Appraiser, has returned home, having completed his work. Business entrusted to him is always performed satisfactorily.

The Barrett school has closed and Miss Holt, the teacher, has returned to her home in Bradford. She taught a good school, and all wish her back next term.

OBSERVER.

Miss Alice Holt, of Bradford, who came last Fall to Marvin Creek to teach the Barrett school, closed the term Monday of this week in a manner worthy of notice. She came here a stranger, but through her faithfulness to her school, she has gained a large circle of friends, as might have been seen on the afternoon of the last day. Almost every mother was there and seemed with satisfaction to the recitation of each scholar. There was perfect order, and one could readily see that Miss Holt had been firm, even though she had been kind in governing her school. After the programme had expired the parents with the scholars sat down to a long table filled with nice pies, cakes, etc., served with coffee. Altogether it was a pleasant affair. A VISITOR.

Dressmaking.

Done in all the latest styles and at the lowest prices by Miss Mary Dugan. Rooms at Mrs. Mullberry's on Main St.

SPRING FANCIES.

OBSERVATIONS OF A MINER REPORTER—FACTS RELATING TO MATTERS OF INTEREST TO EVERY MAN, WOMAN AND CHILD.

It is currently reported and we have never seen the statement successfully denied, that along about spring time the average young man's fancy "lightly turns to thoughts of love." The almanac has been giving us spring for more than two week's past, but the poet who evolved the above idea regarding the sentimental young man, must have lived several centuries ago, and have resided in a climate considerably warmer than old Catmandgoo. The fact is the average young man of the present day is usually engaged about this season of the year in attempting to solve the great problem of life as how he is to obtain the wherewith to buy his spring clothes, and how he can manage to cover up for a few weeks longer the beery cavities in his well worn winter pants. Then the matter of ice cream and soda water, which must be supplied to his best girl in the near future, has a tendency to distract his ideas. These are practical questions, and effectually squelch any love-sick ideas that might under other circumstances, crop out at this season.

It was a MINER reporter who mused thusly as he sauntered down the streets of Olean, N. Y., one day last week, tenderly punching his last quarter, and profoundly thanking the man who first invented the nickel—that glorious garment that can be obtained for $6.60 and takes the place of a full suit. He gazed longingly in the various shop windows, but was specially attracted by the handsome and beautiful display to be seen in the panoramic show windows of R. O. Smith & Co.'s immense dry goods and carpet establishment. A contemplation of this elegant display, by the way, two windows, the like of which can hardly be seen in New York—and the equal of which neither Buffalo nor Rochester can show) inspired a disposition within the reporter's virtuous breast to see the great display on the inside. Summoning the necessary courage, he boldly walked in with the tread and confidence of an oil man who had just struck it rich at Bolivar. Mr. O. D. Myers, who has entire charge of this vast establishment, received the scribe with his customary willingness to serve, and speedily piloted the pencil pusher to the second floor, which is entirely taken up with the carpet, wall paper and curtain departments, in every line of which R. O. Smith & Co. make a speciality in the beauty and quality of the goods, and the great variety of styles. "The tendency," said Mr. Myers, as he commenced unrolling the great rolls of carpeting, "in the new styles of carpets is to lighter shades than has been the case for some seasons back. The new designs are mostly floral, though of course we keep everything to suit all kinds of tastes. "Everything in the carpet line this season," continued Mr. Myers, "has a border," and he displayed pattern after pattern beautiful enough for a king. More than 250 different varieties are carried in stock in Messrs. Smith & Co.'s carpet room, but a majority of their stock is of the better grades. They keep nothing but the best grades of Brussels and Ingrains, having thrown out all second-class goods. The demand in that city is very largely for the best, and they keep nothing else. They have a full line of cotton carpeting down as low as 20 cents a yard, but their great display is in fine goods, and in this line they positively have no competitors in western New York. Oil cloths and linoleums, they have in great variety, and in the line of rugs they can supply them from $3 cents to $30.

One whole side of this great room is occupied with nothing but wall papers. The manufacture of wall paper has made great strides, in the past few years, and has, even in the most expensive houses and buildings largely taken the place of frescoing. The fact is that $30 dollars worth of wall paper of the style shown by R. O. Smith & Co., properly used will look better and really be better on a room than $300 expended in frescoing. The styles this year, like the carpets, run to lighter colors with less "ginger bread" business than formerly. Most of the best and finest designs that R. O. & Co. have are by Morris, whose reputation is world-wide, and are somewhat inclined to be esthetical, but they are nevertheless, usually beautiful and rich. The colors are largely cream, light olive and ecrue. As in the carpet department, so with their wall paper, their stock is unsurpassed outside of New York, and they employ the best and most artistic workmen for placing the paper on the walls.

This house is making a specialty this season of draperies and lace curtains, and of the former are showing very elegant goods in Turcoman cloths, and raw silks, of which they have some 30 or more styles. Lace curtains can be obtained for 60 cents to $50 a pair. There is quite a rage in cretonnes this season, and the styles are unusually beautiful. They show a full assortment. Of course they keep everything pertaining to poles, trimmings, shades, etc. Their entire third floor is all occupied as a work-room.

We cannot tarry as long on the lower floor as we have above. Here is to be found a large variety of departments, each under the charge of a specialist, and the whole running like clockwork. At the rear end of the store is the dress goods counter, where are to be seen all the new styles and effects. The spring stock is now all in, and in variety has never been equalled in this section. Near by is the trimming and notion department, which, in the language of the section bill is "too numerous to mention." The styles of ladies bustles the past few years, has been improved to such an extent that they form in a great measure the most conspicuous ornament to a lady's toilet. They are simply wonderful in variety and finish, and to look this department over will well repay a visit to this establishment. The next counter is taken up with ladies' underwear and corsets of endless variety and style. Then there is the department of ladies' neck-wear, then we pass to the shawl, cloak and wrap department, full of spring garments from the finest down to the more moderate priced.

Prints and shantings occupy a department of their own, and a very interesting display it makes, too, of goods that usually are found in great stores in a chaotic condition. In passing we may add that all the new spring styles of prints are in stock. Linens, "linen and handkerchiefs form one of the most important departments in the store, and like all other subtleties, is run over with fine goods.

The hosiery and kid gloves counter is an institution by itself. In the line of gloves Messrs. R. O. Smith & Co. have a stock that for variety of styles cannot be equalled outside of New York. They have added a specially large stock this spring, and are sure to please one and all.

The boot and shoe department is also really a store by itself, occupying a large share of one whole side of the spacious room, and in point of variety and excellence of stock, cannot fail to please purchasers. Their great specialties this spring are in ladies' fine goods, and in men's fine shoes. They carry the Hanan & Reddish make, which are the best manufactured in the world, and sell at figures that are hard to beat. Their stock of coarser and cheaper goods comprises everything for everybody, at prices that are surprising for their moderation.

It seems hardly necessary to refer to this mammoth establishment, which has become one of the greatest of Olean's successful business institutions, more extensively at present. The immense business has been built up because of several important facts. First, all goods are sold at one price and that the lowest. Second, everybody is treated with the same courtesy and consideration, it matters not whether they purchase goods to the extent of one dollar or one thousand dollars. Third, a large and complete stock to select from, unequalled outside of the very largest cities, and no shoddy goods. These are the causes that have made the firm name of R. O. Smith & Co. known all over Western New York and Northern Pennsylvania, and these principles never were more thoroughly adhered to in the conduct of the store than at the present time.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

[Correspondents are requested to write as badly as possible, printers can read anything that is intended for writing though it look like an impervious plan of a spider's web, or a map of the North Pole. Also editors, while they can answer any question whatever, can also understand the question asked without being able to read it.—ED.]

If you are at all postal in sporting matters, Mr. Editor, I should like a little hint as to the best way of getting pigeons just now, as I see a great many sportsmen going out, and but few pigeons coming back.—H. W.

There are several ways of getting the birds, but the most unreliable appears to be the gun. Some old sports catch them with salt; we don't know exactly how, but think it is by application to the tail. However, a surer way is to have a dog like that of our station agent, then you can get along without either the salt or a gun. Not being "up" in sporting matters, we refer you to him for details.

Is it polite at about midnight to tell a gentleman who has escorted you from an entertainment, and whom you have invited into the house, that it is time for him to go home?—VIOLET.

We don't like to advise on these delicate subjects. A good deal depends on the circumstances—whether or no the gentleman took you to the entertainment, and if you have prospects of his escorting you to another. Some young ladies arrange it so that papa or mama comes in and invites the lingering swain to stay to breakfast. This suggestion may be worthy of note.

I see by the last issue of the MINER that Mr. Hugh Brawley has had a guardian appointed over him in the person of Uncle John King. I should like to know if Mr. Brawley is afraid of the young ladies running after him?—MAUDE.

The young lady is mistaken; the state of affairs is exactly the reverse of what she appears to suspect. The guardian was appointed to keep Hugh from running after the young ladies.

Last Friday was "Stan" Townsend's birthday. Can you tell me his exact age?—ALBERTHA.

Our mathematical editor is in Europe at present, but we have endeavored to solve the intricate problem by the following algebraical equation:

$$\frac{x(x-1)}{1} - \frac{3x-5}{1} = \frac{9x}{10}$$

The value of the unknown quantity x in this equation, multiplied by two, will perhaps give the correct solution to Albertha's question. It has cost us much toil, but she is welcome to it if it is correct. We must positively decline, however to answer any more such intricate questions; the strain upon the brain is too great.

COMMERCIAL.

PITTSBURG MARKET.

Corrected Especially for the MINER, by
R. BEATTY, SON & CO.,
No. 108, Liberty Street, Pittsburg, Pa.

Wholesale Produce Commission House, established 1868. Receive and sell all kinds of country produce, domestic and foreign fruits and vegetables. Shippers and country dealers having seasonable produce, etc., for sale are invited to consign or correspond.

PITTSBURG, March 20, 1882.

NOTE.—General business continues very active, and prices are generally firm. Choice Butter is in steady active demand. Eggs have fluctuated almost daily and closed Saturday firm and active. An advance will be noted in Mill Feed and Oats. No change in provisions occurred during the week, but the opinion seems to prevail among dealers that an advance may occur during the week.

Country Produce.

APPLES—New, choice per bbl, $4.00@4.50, medium, $3.50@3.75; Prime, $3.25@3.50.

APPLE BUTTER—per gal, 40@50; Apple Jelly, 10@12 per lb.

BUTTER—Dairy, choice "Gilt Edge," 30@32; Creamery, choice, 35@36; Choice Roll, 28@30; Extra Choice Roll, 30@32; Medium, 25@28.

BEANS—Choice Marrow, $3.80@3.90; Medium, $3.60@3.70; Mixed, 3.50@3.60; Lima, 10@11 per lb.

BACON—Canvassy, Clear Sides, 15@16c; Ribs, 17@18c; Shoulders, 12@13c.

BROOM CORN—Extra Choice Green Hurl, 6@6½c per lb; Hurl, 5½@6c; Red, 5@5½c.

CIDER—Choice, Crab Apple, $6.00@7.00 per bbl; Prime Family, $5.00@5.50; Crab Apple, $4.00@4.50.

CRANBERRIES—Per bbl, $4.00@4.50; per box, $1.00@1.25.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, sliced, 7@8c; do quarters, 6@6½c; Peaches, halves, 10@11c; do quarters, 7@8c; Cherries, Stoned Raspberries, 20@25c; Blackberries, 12@13c; per lb for all.

FOREIGN FRUITS—Lemons, $4.00@5.00 per box; Oranges, $4.00@5.00.

FLAXSEED—Live Geese per lb, 60@65, Mixed 60@65.

EGGS—Strictly Fresh, case count, Packed—$0.00@0.00; Fresh, case count, per dozen, 17@18c.

HONEY—Per lb, 20@22c.

POTATOES—Prime, 1.60 a 1.70 per bush; Choice Table, 1.50@1.60; Mixed, 1.40@1.50; Common, 1.30@1.40.

POULTRY—Live Chickens, per lb, 9@10c; Choice Turkeys, 14@15c; Ducks, 12@13c; Geese, 10@11c.

PROVISIONS—Per bbl, $18.00@19.00; Extra Prime Mess, $17.00@17.50; Prime Mess, $16.00@16.50; Prime, $15.00@15.50; Hams, per lb, 14@15c; Shoulders, 10@11c; Breakfast Bacon, 15@16c; Dried Beef, 15@16c; Lard, in tierces, 11@12c; do, in kegs, 12@13c; do, in 1 lb prints, 13@14c; do, in 3 lb pails, 13@14c; do, 5 lb pails, 13@14c; do, 10 lb pails, 13@14c; do, 20 lb pails, 13@14c.

CATTLE—Fair to Prime Shipping, $4.50@5.00; Common to good butchering, $3.75@4.25; Bulls and Cows, $2.50@3.50; Veal Calves, $5.00@5.50.

SHEEP—Common to Fair, do, $4.00@4.50, and Good to Prime, at $4.75@5.00; Lambs, $5.50@6.00.

HOGS—Philadelphia, $6.90 @ 7.00. Good Corn Fed Yorkers, $6.80@6.85; Grassers, $6.50@6.60.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Executor's Notice.

Letters testamentary upon the Estate of S. M. Bard, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against the same will present them for payment, and those indebted thereto will please make immediate payment to S. E. Coles, at the MINER office.

D. C. YOUNG,
W. D. BARKLEY,
H. L. MCCOY,
Executors.

Smethport, Pa., March 6, 1882.

Estray.

Came to the enclosure of S. W. Sims, in Hamilton township, McKean county, Pennsylvania, on Saturday, March 4th, 1882, one chestnut colored pony, both hind feet white. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take it away.

LEWIS E. BLISS.

Ludlow, Mar. 13, 1882. 13pd.

SLAB WOOD!

HAVING MADE ARRANGEMENTS WITH C. H. Pratt to deliver wood the present season, all persons needing any thing in the line can be accommodated with the article delivered at their door for the small sum of

60 Cents Per Cord!

Orders can be left with Mr. Pratt, or at Gifford's new mill, which will receive prompt attention.

S. J. GIFFORD.

Smethport, March 21, 1882. 13tf.

How-When-Where-Why

HOW?

Put money in your purse and come to my store where you can buy goods cheap.

WHEN?

Any time.

WHERE?

At my store in Colegrove. I invite examination and inspection.

WHY?

That's the question. Why buy of me? Well, because in justice to yourselves, friends and families.

Goods are all Marked in Plain Figures.

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C. M. COLEGROVE.

Coleg

LEGAL.

TREASURER'S SALES.

Notice is hereby given that the sale of unseated land in arrears of taxes will commence at the Court House, in the borough of Smethport, on Monday, June 12th, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m., and to be continued from day to day, until the following described tracts of land, or a sufficient part thereof to pay the taxes due on the same be paid, to wit

ANNIN.

War	Subs.	Acres	Owners	Taxes
3313		37	E H Alvord,	$ 8 41
		50	F H Arnold,	8 [illegible]
2213		37	E H Alvord,	17 47
3445		50	Charles Bell,	11 33
		42	John B Boocher	9 51
2145				
2146		85	R W Burr	7 91
		100	James Campbell	21 74
15		100	C J Chamberlin	23 79
		100	Cornelius Riley	22 65
2146		25	C A Dolley	5 68
		275	Kelleher estate	62 98
		58	John Keese	13 14
		75	James Mahoney	17 01
		25	Samuel Lillibridge	5 68
2146		75	A N Lillibridge	10 [illegible]
2146		41 3 10	A N Lillibridge	[illegible]
		180	James O'Neil	29 45
2145		25	R Vanderhale	5 68
3445		85	Belmer & Co	19 25
3144		130	do	29 18
2229		102	do	23 10
3348		12 9 10	Thomas McMahon	2 95
2177		25 9 10	Peter Crowley	2 66
2229				
2230				
2146		26	10 Caleb B Roberts	6 04
2146		25	Roseoa Smith	5 68
2146		47 8 10	C A Dolley	10 87
		50	O H Chase	11 33
		30	J B Robinson	6 80
		25	Alonzo Bordman	5 68
		37	H C Simpson	8 14
		60	James Hoskins	11 79
		40	James Lundergan	7 86
		33	Deanse Lane	6 49
		58	Owen Coyle	13 14
2145		23 9 10	Rachael Chase	5 48
	241			
2145	284	256	B G Stone	50 11
	240			
2148	280	25	do	4 91
3448		26	Mrs C A Taylor	5 21
2146		25	John Hughes	3 12
		100	Amelia Hough	12 65
2146		104	5 10 C A Dolley	13 00
		42	Thomas Bradley	8 23
2230		674	Henry S Gleason	8 38
		28	A K Boone	2 86
3453	Lot			
2213	350	82	Thos Connolly	7 74
		42	S L Holcomb	5 23
3453				
1456		244	3 10 James McGavish	30 43
2213				
		74	J B & H N Kinney	8 99
2215				
2188		574	Mike Sullivan	7 13
17		25	Willard Taylor	3 12
2218				
3453		72	Leroy Bishop	8 96
4455		51	L L Jewell	6 36
2146		138	A N Lillibridge	17 18

RETURNED FROM SEATED.

	40	Charles Bishop	1 00
	300	John Backus	18 00
	70	Freeman Blanchard	50
	50	Geo Champlan	3 02
	33	Wm Crawley	1 32
	80	Crawley est	1 50
	40	Peter Danor	2 00
	40	Cornelius Hones	1 00
	25	C H Parsons	1 00
	25	Charles Smith	1 50

BRADFORD.

2286	88	Thomas Bradley & Co	13 10
2286	88	Emery & Stinson	12 28
3350	336		
3807	337		
	217	J K Haffey	279 42
3425	60	D Kingsbury est	12 37
3360	344 1/2	100 do	16 79
3430	86	Lee and Co	13 29
3349	334	Dr Wm Mack	82 12
3360	3228	7 10 do	583 10
3425	190	do	35 34
3807	7200	10 do	887 62
3807	317 913	10 do	106 17
3808	12586	7 10 do	1402 80
2283	961	Moody and Hubbell	3351 49
2285	181	do	37 43
2284	1150	do	213 90
3352	1 4 of 385	do	17 90
3321	352	do	65 48
3321	979	do	2270 19
3425	701	North Western Mining Co	108 45
3120	1040	do	160 96
3422	500	do	92 54
3421	1129	do	174 45
3428	1030	do	2575 00
3429	461	do	1187 08
2286	140 100	do	605 00
3807	124	Enos Parsons	144 15
3808	3 4 of 100	do	87 22
3808	1101	Chas Rathbone and Co	169 05
3424	1100	do	169 95
3423	1101	do	169 95
3423	568	do	88 72
3430	10	E C Sprague	1 55
3807	138	B Q Taylor	21 32
3808	3 4 of 0 2	do	2 88
3350	51	do	10 91
3320	3 4 of 30	Kingsbury est	3 49
3808	3 4 of 20	Tait & Howard	115 89
3359	358	5 9 10 Unknown	3 09
2286	148	do	762 20
2286	400 98	do	504 70
2285	418 80	do	478 25
2286	435 57	do	293 57
3806	3 4 of 8	do	46 35
3806	3 4 of 24	Isaac Casey	139 05
2286	47	Unknown	242 05
3359	60	do	9 27
2286	164	Vanscoy & Foster	12 55
2286	2 62	Vanscoy & Hotchkiss	319 32
2286	444 72	do	11 44
3350	10	P L Webster	9 27
3430	50	Frank Williams	7 02
2286	30	do	139 50
2286	101	Curtis & Co	6 61
3420	453 10	Unknown	1 40
	457 36	do	5 51
	203	do	40 90

RETURNED FROM SEATED

3309	361	I N Thompson & others	38 80
2286	60	Williams & Co	12 75
2286			
2287	105	Parker, Staley & Pentzer	33 06

FOSTER

4008	50	B Brown	8 86
2282	410 25	John Fertig	147 50
"	403 25	Boyer, Emery & Co	147 50
"	401 43	Brown, Williams & Co	247 80
"	404 43	Bennett & Thompson	247 80
"	407 42	do	371 70
"	411 44	Thos J Cooper	369 60
2282	East ½		
2191	383 25	L I Soule	221 25
2283	West ½		
2191	383 25	Farrar & Troft	221 25
2282			
2191	382 50	Rose & Mead	442 50
2282			
2191	272 100	A H Trask	885 00
2282			
2191	381 25	James H Coldwell	221 25
2282			
2191	380 25	Bayne, Fuller & Co	221 25
2283			
2191	380 25	J & S Fertig	221 25
2191	385 50	Foster & Thompson	442 50
2191	105 60	Deamas & Linsman	531 00
3347	108 81	A V Taylor est	716 85
3347	100 90	Wm J Duke (North)	358 42
3347	100 90	Henry Fitzsimmons (South)	358 42
4334	100	J F Clark est	23 60
4337	418	Clark, Babcock & Hulings	2448 50
	215	do	1263 50
4006	40	Mrs R M Curtis	5 18
E part			
3347	296 27	E J & J & Clark	159 30
3347	139	Olean Lumber Co	1230 16
3732	271 50	Thomas P Jones	177 10
3347	do 54	do	1031 60
4008	400	Ext Transit Co	91 40
3437			
4334	240	C H Foster	56 64
4334	10	Chaney Harding	14 76
3332	3 4 of 240	Moody & Hubbell	98 16
4338	205	A T Newell	52 24
3732	468 44	J L McKinney & Co	358 70
3808	1 4 of 160	Enos Parsons	38 80
4017	1100	Chas Rathbone & Co	649 00
4001	100	E E Schoonover	17 70
3808	1 4 of 2	B Q Taylor	1 14
3320	1 4 of 30	Kingsbury est	1 36
3808	1 4 of 30	Tait & Howard	44 36
3808	14		
4005	19 288	Isaac Willitt	1318 65
2191	108 35	A J Wheeler	194 70
4049	122	Unknown	21 80
4334	31	do	5 50
4334	31 30	do	5 32
4334	33	do	5 72
4334	32	do	5 72
3348	1 4 of 8	do	17 70
3808	1 4 of 24	Isaac Casey	139 05
4008	73	Unknown	12 78
4335	1100	S D Westmore	194 70
4335	700	do	124 70
4337	1160	do	124 70
4339	1160	do	124 70
4339	1160	do	124 70

CERES.

4021	108	J M Archabold	18 90
4022	108	do	18 90
3350 Lot	172	do	30 10
4008	97	do	16 98

LEGAL.

4334	947	Bullis Brothers	204 58
4336	184	C L Chamberlain est	38 52
4334	25	do	5 45
4333	25	do	5 45
3447	74	do	15 98
3447	76	do	16 49
Bunk Lot	117	H M Smith	25 30
2190	200	Carter & Miner	123 00
	117	H M Smith	25 30
	16	Bullis Brothers	1 73
	47	do	9 21
	24	do	5 21
	27	do	5 80

RETURNED FROM SEATED.

4335	98	J. R. Archabold	6 93
2230	50	Thomas Brine	8 62
	50	Dennis Campbell	3 52
2230	108	Thos Madden	23 21
2230	14	Wm Mulvaney	1 26
2210	30	James Rotes	2 32
2210	51	Sylvia Cooney	16 13
2211	1	H Steadman	1 85
	46	P E Welch	4 85
	70	Terry, Driscoll	4 90
2190	104	Michael Finnigan	18 98
	9	M B Foles	1 67
2230	120	W & L Kelley	15 66
2230			
4331			
4325	85	M N Love	19 47
4335			
4337			
	89	Samuel Decker	8 02
	19	I Elliott	1 14
	25	Judge Johnson	1 62
	15	Elder McDole	1 62
	42	N W Merservey	6 80
	21	James Rotes	2 16
	25	A D Simons	1 62
	13	Warner, Riley & Smith	1 30
	21	Pat Welch	1 92
2217			
2230			
4329	250	P V Carter assignee	14 77

CORYDON.

3721	200	J Bean	30 00
3721	100	G Corwin est	15 00
4016	322	do	15 47
	457	G W Campbell	37 62
6	457	do	37 62
13	457	do	37 62
3718	1000	Chattle & Denton	120 00
3718	1000	do	150 00
3718	1000	do	150 00
3718	500	Elias Eyster	75 00
3721	457	G W Fenton	37 63
9	457	do	37 63
8	457	do	37 63
10	457	do	37 63
4009	1043	Foster and Bradley	156 45
11	457	Moore and Heckman	37 63
3707	1000	S M McCrum	150 00
3708	1000	do	147 00
3709	730	Rathbun & Charles	112 50
3705	1029	do	150 00
3708	1000	do	150 00
3716	550	do	82 50
3717	900	do	135 00
319	1000	do	150 00
4972	1043	do	156 45
4973	832	do	124 80
4974	1043	do	156 45
4975	1043	do	62 58
4976	521	do	31 26
4981	1000	do	150 00
3980	1000	P M Smith	150 00
3702	178	do	26 71
3704	1000	J M Wardwell	150 00
11	457	Ferris A Crandall	41 13
4976	521	F S Boles	46 89
4975	1043	do	93 87
12	457	Harlon J Swift	41 13

RETURNED FROM SEATED.

3715	25	sanford Bullard	1 10
3709	50	Emeline Sacktrider	3 00
3708	57	John Williams	3 42
		ELDRED	
528	50	Wm Golden	8 48
528	125	Patrick Godden	21 38
528	25	Thos McGlory	4 27
	50	W K King	8 50
81	25	do	4 26
881	150	W S Brownell	16 05
	666	C T Eldred	111 99
	300	T C Wakeman	85 45
	270	do	10 35
2227	5	Harris Moore est	12 75
2227	226	Thos Frisbee	13 28
	145	Michael Doyle	24 78
4322	62	Bidlell, Hollister & Bidlell	10 48
3498	388	53 Fisher & Walcott	720 35
4320	258	40 John Fertig & B K Hopkins	180 50
4321	115	765-10 Bradford Oil Company and others	322 05
		48 9-10 Jerry Mincham	8 33
3457		50 Dean and Young	4 30
3462		30 Ellen Ward Miller	2 52
3458		20 F C Fisher	2 52

RETURNED FROM SEATED.

	45	Delila M Jewett	19 26
	25	Thornton and Wortner	3 70

HAMLIN.

2275	92	94 G F Wiggan	14 66
2275	78	30 do	4 67
2275	78	124 do	19 35
2275	62	124 do	19 35
2275		264 do	56 10
2275	28	98 do	13 72
2470		778 do	121 36
2470	24	100 do	15 60
2275	45	124 do	19 35
2275		124 G Potts	19 35
2275	12	782 do	121 92
2958		320 do	49 92
3972	12	980 Bob't Halsey	156 84
3984		520 T C Winans	81 12
2285		900 Benjamin Haywood	154 45
2586		540 do	85 17
3839		100 F W Reed	15 60
3977	2	94 J Bean	14 68
2280	3	98 J E Butts	15 28
2280	3	90 do	14 05
2471		129 Gordis Corwin est	20 15
2472		400 Unknown	62 45
2472		102 Mrs C A Lovejoy	15 91
2955		604 Joseph Sawyer	94 22
2980		980 Thos L Kane	154 44
2980		984 do	150 38
2985		980 do	154 44
2986		980 do	154 44
2986		980 do	154 44
2988		488 do	77 24
2988		488 do	77 24

LEGAL.

3871	136	A. R. Bennett	21 20
		do	[illegible]
		O. Gerrets	[illegible]
		Lacrelia, Eldridge, Hamilin, Rowe & McCoy	7 [illegible]
	357	P. Curtis	[illegible]
		G. W. Campbell	[illegible]
		do	[illegible]
		do	[illegible]
		do	[illegible]
		R. H. English	[illegible]
		H. Olsen	[illegible]
		Unknown	[illegible]
		K. A. Hobbs	[illegible]
		Unknown	[illegible]
		do	[illegible]
		do	[illegible]
		do	[illegible]
		do	[illegible]
		Unknown	[illegible]
		do	[illegible]
		do	[illegible]
		do	[illegible]
		do